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ABSTRACT

General behavioral objectives are listed for both junior and senior high level educables; unit and lesson plans on job safety and budgeting are provided; a unit on voice and diction is included. Over half of the document presents behavioral objectives, arranged according to general objectives, and lists terminal behavior, communicative and functional skills, subject areas, suggested methodology, and materials. (JD)



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> West Palm Beach, Florida 3323 Belvedere Road Summer, 1969

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ACIDIOMI, EDGENENTS

This curriculum outline was developed in an eight week summer workship in 1969. The members of the committee who formulated the guide were:

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Appreciation to the guidance given us in further understanding of Behavioral Objectives by Harold M. Harmes, Ed. D. and William F. Hullihan, Ed. D.



Mentally Retarded has established the need for a program for these children which will provide a long range developmental sequence of skills and knowledge that will program for the real world. We are faced with the obligation of developing a program that will successfully carry them from the first through the twelfth grades and into their vocational and social life. We need to prepare these children in four areas of adequacy; Personal, Social, Academic, and Vocational. The increase in numbers of children being identified and classified as Educable

It was our aim to establish a curriculum development set-up in a fashion which would allow for change as time and experience warrant. Teachers in the field are often the best sources of methodology and materials. We hope you will contribute your ideas to this work.

established the form which is to be followed, that is, stating the objectives in behavioral terms. This in itself has proven to be an invaluable lesson for us. Behavioral objectives strive to present in a simple, clear, and readily understandable terms the specific objective the student should be able to reach somewhere in his learning continuum. Since behavioral objectives lend themselve quite easily to the academic areas of learning, this presented no problem. The social skills, however, are often difficult to present so as to meet the criteria for behavioral objectives. In some instances, we have placed social skills in terminal behavior. Terminal behavior is defined as that behavior which is a logical outgrowth and culmination of previous objectives. We have Your envolvement in the development of this curriculum is highly sought.

will also find that you have some ideas which better serve the objective. Our methods are suggested; your are sought by us to increase the functioning of all teachers. More and more, we are realizing the validity of the statement that all children are individuals. Methodology needs to change with the individual child, class, and teacher. The more methods we have, the better we can implement these objectives. You #ill find that much of our methodology is relevant to the objective, but you

again are the individuals who produce and recognise usable materials. Please share these with others. It is part of your responsibility toward all children to share ideas and materials with others in the field. Materials are also presented, but again in a relatively brief outlined manner.

for development. We have established behavioral objectives as our method of presentation. This has been no small task. We now need your cooperation and knowledge. The students who are seeking guidance and help from all of us are in need of your help. We have establised the ground work for this guide. We have set up a continuum

AE BELIEVE

the goels of education are fundamentally the goals of a democracy and an introduction into the workings of a republic. In a deeper sense by affording full recognition to our republic we are acknowledging the duty, discipline, and responsibility THAT the guardianship of public education is a trust and an obligation. demanded of all citizens.

THAT members of the Board of Public Instruction are elected representatives of the people to whom the schools belong. THAT the Board of Public Instruction is a policy-making body responsible for financing quality education, evaluating the total school program, and communicating with their sovereign peers--namely, the people. THAT the Superintendent and his staff are the executive officers of this school system and their responsibility is to make recommendations to the Board of Public Instruction and carry out Board policy.

THAT we are living in an ever-changing world and that education must be subject to change to meet the challenges of today and tormorrow. THAT the quality of education in our school system is directly related to the quality of our teachers and to the financial support of the people. THAT teaching is a profession and that our teachers, accordingly, should be dealt with as professionals and the proper environment shoild be provided in our system so that the talents of our teachers may be fully realized.

THAT noninstructional personnel are a vital part of our total school program and that their services should be rewarded commensurate with their abilities. THAT an active and purposeful school program must be directed toward the common needs of all youth regardless of race, religion, or socioeconomic status and that we recognise and must consider the unique differences and needs of each individual.

skills, habits, attitudes and character traits essential to rich personal living which will enable a sound choice of and effective participation in a vocation, a concept of human relationships based on mutual recognition of common interests and produce THAT pupils are the most important resource in our school system and that we have a definite responsibility to make available to them opportunities to develop the responsible, contributing citisens.

THAT education is a local function, a state responsibility, and a national concern.

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PURPOSE

In Palm Beach County it is the purpose of the Board of Public Instruction to understand and provide for the needs of every child. In order to provide continuous teaching of the basic skills and tools of learning, we will make available a wide range of learning experiences.

to effect continuous learning on the part of every boy and girl throughout By so doing, we will stimulate the intellectual curiosity, promote the intellectual inquiry, and develop rational powers and analytical thinking

We will provide for children according to their varying needs, interests, abilities and levels of learning capacities. By cooperating with the home, church, and other community agencies, we will do our best to develop each child to his ultimate physical, social, moral, spiritual and mental potential.

democratic society as embodied under our republican form of government and We herein dedicate our efforts to develop citisons who are effective in a in our American way of life.

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JUNIOR AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL

what we need to know to survive in our society on a level which either we set for ourselves, greater the need for survival, the more we are in need of functional educational programs. or which has been set for us by society at large. The greater the pressures of society, It can be said that all education is the process of survival training. We learn

The E.M.R. child especially needs this "survival training". By adjusting our aims and rehearse for life situations. From past experience we can readily see that these children curriculum to suit his special needs, we are, in essence, giving him an opportunity to can survive and florish under a variety of circumstances. The curriculum we have set forth in this section is by no means complete or definitive. Your assistance guide, we urge you to make additions, revisions, and deletions. Change for the better can and cooperation is needed to continue what we have started. During the time you use this It is a direction to be followed which we feel will benefit the children. only be brought about through cooperative effort.

It is the responsibility As previously stated, this guide has been established on the basis of behavioral objectives contributing membership in his community. The behavioral goals emphasize personal development, student which will allow for the Occupational Education class and off-campus work to be fitted of the Occupational Education teacher in the high school setting to plan a schedule for each On the junior and senior high school levels, it is the intention of the guide to provide a basis of instruction which will prepare the student for an active, participating, and social responsibility, academic achievement, and vocational competency. into the tosl program.

GENERAL OBJECTIVES (Junior High Level)

- pupil who has gumpleted the Junior High should exhibit the following:
- The student should be able to distinguish and interpret environmental signs pertinent to his health and safety.
- The student should show an awareness of an an ability to adjust to his body's physical needs. લં
- and to manifest acceptable The student should be able to select appropriate apparel manners in social, academic, and vocational situations.
- The student should demonstrate an awareness of time judgement for a variety of time :
- The student should be able to demonstrate an awareness with regard to punctuality. 'n
- The student should become familiar with a variety of techniques for communicating thoughts necessary for his physical, mental, and emotional well-being. \$
- The student should show an awareness of his rights, privileges and responsibilities an active member of the home, school and community.
- The student should demonstrate an avareness of the responsibility for self-assumed and group tasks and should exhibit an appreciation for the value of cooperative
- The student should be able to follow oral and written instructions involving directionality. 6
- 10. The student exhibit a knowledge of functional mathematics.
- The student should demonstrate an awareness of people and agencies available for his well-being. 7
- The student should demonstrate an interest in and a use of leisure time. 12.

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GENERAL BEHAVIORAL ORJECTIVES (Senior High)

- The student will demonstrate a functional use of the means of communication.
- The student will demonstrate the ability to complete essential forms and applications necessary to our data-oriented society.
- The student will demonstrate functional arithmetic skills necessary to practical living our society.
- The student will exhibit a functional knowledge of the techniques of seeking and holding a job. 4.
- 5. The student will cooperate with advisors and co-workers.
- The student must be able to accept criticism and/or direction from his employer and/or those in authority.
- 7. The student exhibits a working knowledge of consumer techniques.
- The student should be able to perform consistently and accurately in relation to time judgment for a variety of time spans.
- The student shall demonstrate the ability for involvement in his expanding and changing world.
- The student shall be able to demonstrate positive techniques of social interaction. 10.
- The student.shall_demonstrate the utilization of established avocational activities. 11.

SAFETY IS YOUR JOB

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attitudes that help students become responsible citisens working for their own Safety is the responsibility of every one must guard against instilling fear; instead, we must create desirable habits teaching safety, we must empahsize the positive factors in our daily living. ety as well as the safety of others. need for safety is always present. the home, school, and community. स्या स्था

PURPOSE II.

Safety is studied for the protection of ourselves and others and to avoid injury, loss of life or loss of property.

GENERAL OBJECTIVES III.

- The student should be able to distinguish and interpret environmental signs pertinent to his health and safety.
- The student should demonstrate an awareness of people and agencies available for his well-being.
- The student should be able to follow oral and written instruction involving directions.
 - The student should show an awareness of his rights, privileges and responsibilities as an active member of the home, school, and community.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES E.

- Given a series of twenty pictures which includes ten traffic regulatory signs, the student identifies and names at least seven of the traffic regulatory signs.
- and a picture of a hurricane warning, the student identifies and names each picture according to the weather conditions it suggests. Caven four pictures depicting a funnel cloud, a barometer falling, cracked earth,
- Gven a list of agencies located within the city pertinent to the students well-being the student will locate each of the agencies on a city map. (Social Security Office,
- HOINS OF APPROACH (the methodology will cover three areas -- the home, school, and community) KET
- cards should be presented in group order. Arrange the grouping according to the following c) Common Signs Placed in Working Present to the class flashcards on which are printed each safety caution sign. These headings:
 - b) Common Warming Signs a) Common Road Signs
- where each sign is located or any other information the student can give relating his mowledge Have students pronounce each sign as it is presented to them. Encourage discussion as to Situations

3. Have the students make a vocabulary listing of each sign.

4. Have the students spell and make short sentences using each word taken from the vocaulary list or dictated by the instructor.

5. Show films or filmstrips on road safety. After each film session, hold

a discussion on what was learned from the films.

- 6. Prepare a bulletin board to go along with the class discussion (i.e., at the time road signs are being discussed, have pictures of the different regulatory signs on the board to be viewed by students). Make the print large to enhance readability.
- 7. Encourage discussion on topics of safety. The discussion should include:

a) Fire Prevention in the Home

b) Preventing Accidents

c) Making the Home Safe for Children and Adults

d) Fist Aid in the Home

8. Occasionally practice fire drills and remind students of exits to be used.
Review security information provided for the students by the school.

9. Have students familiarize themselves with hurricane and security drills.

10. Review rules of caution with students concerning shop area, laboratories, gymnasium and pool. Prepare a list of these rules and have them posted inside the classroom to remind students (in bright colors--appealing to the eye). Prepare copies for each student. See that the student keeps the copies with him every day.

11. Make a listing--with the help of students--of all community agencies and services geared towards our protection (Fire Department, Health Department, Police Department).

- 12. Using a city map, locate the agencies and/or services. Use colored tacks for markers and plot off each agency. Make sure the city map is large and the writing is done in huge print. (This type of map might have to be hand made by taking a regular city map and having it enlarged about the size of the average bulletin board).
- 13. Have students locate these agencies by using the telephone directory. Let each student make "memo" booklets of addresses and telephone numbers of these agencies that are nearest his hime. Make a directory of agencies to be kept and used in the classroom.
- 14. Collect pictures of the policeman, fireman, Highway Patrol. Show the pictures to the class and talk about the duties and responsibilities of each.
- 15. Invite person representing the various agencies and have them relate their experiences to the class, talk about their duties and responsibilities as well as to discuss the responsibility of the student to them.
- 16. Present to the class pictures depicting a funnel cloud, a barometer falling, cracked earth, and a picture of a hurricane warning. Discuss each picture by talking about the weather conditions it suggests.

17. Have students locate pictures representing the above and discuss the weather condition to which they are related.

18. Visit a weather station and ask the person in charge to discuss instruments used in tracking down weather conditions.



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- Plan visits to other agencies pertinent in helping us maintain our health and 19.
 - Have students learn Make extensive use of the Florida Driver's Handbook. traffic signs in the book. 8

CTIVITIES M.

- how it could have been prevented, the cost of accidents in terms of money, life, Collect newspaper articles concerning accidents. Discuss the type of accident, property and disabilities.
 - Invite guest speakers.
- Contact life insurance companies for free bulletins on accidents and accident prevention.
 - Have students survey school, home and community to determine safety hazards.
 - Allow students to give demonstrations showing the correct use of tools, machinery, electrical equipment and mixes. コル
- Have students draw maps of their immediate community spotting hazardous places and safe routes to school.
- Have students practice the correct way to report fires, to contact an emergency ambulance, or to notify the police.

VII.

- METEOROLOGY SERIES
- "Warm Front" "Cold Front" 102-1 102-1
- EXCEPTIONAL CHILD EDUCATION LIBRARY TRANSPARENCIES "Circulation of the Atmosphere" "Layers of the Atmosphere" "Windbelts" 102 102 5 6 6
 - West Palm Beach City Maps (these may be obtained from the Chamber of Commerce) 102-3 "High and Low Pressure"
 - Telephone Directories
 - Colored map tacks
 - Felt pens
- Large flashcards of safety caution signs
- Pictures of a funnel cloud, barometer falling, cracked earth, hurricane warning flag up. よるなか
 - Pictures of people hired to protect us -- firemen, policeman. 8005
 - Construction paper
- "Health and Safety" Educational Record Sales
 - Educational Record Sales Safety Filmstrips
 - a. "School Safety"
- "Home Safety"
- "Play Safety"
- "Vacation Safety" "Street Safety"
- f. "Safety Helpers"
- Pamphlets from insurance companies Pamphlets from different agencies
 - Graph paper

VIII. Evaluation

Give three tests. Base each test on the behavioral objectives. (See page 1)



LESSON PLANS

UNIT: SAFETY IS YOUR JOB

PURPOSE:

This lesson plan is organized to create desirable habits and attitudes that will help students become responsible citizens working for their own safety as well as the safety of others.

It has been prepared to cover a block period for two days.

The area of concentration will be on the first behavioral objective, *Given a series of twenty pictures which includes ten traffic regulatory signs, the student identifies and remains at least seven of the traffic regulatory signs .

Make sure the students understand each step before moving to new ideas or new rules.

INTRODUCTION

1. The teacher will introduce the new unit to the class.

2. The teacher will explain to the class what the unit will cover, and what new experiences she hopes the unit will give to them.

3. The teacher will ask for questions from the students concerning the unit.

4. The teacher will ask the student to give relevant ideas and suggestions that will aid her in teaching the unit.

DAY ONE

- 1. The teacher will present to the class flashcards on which are printed each safety caution signs. Each time the cards are presented, she will pronounce the names of each sign.
- 2. The teacher will repeat the above; however, this time the students will pronounce the names with her.
- 3. The teacher will call on students individually to name the cards as they are shown to them.
- 4. The teacher will randomly select the cards, show them to the students and call on an individual to name and identify the signs.
- 5. Once the students have mastered naming and identifying the signs, the teacher will encourage discussion as to where each sign is located or any other information student can give relating his knowledge about the signs.

6. Have students make a vocabulary listing of all signs.

- 7. Have students to take each word in the vocabulary list and make short sentences using each word taken from the list.
- 8. Have students look in magazines and find safety signs being discussed. Cut them out and prepare a bulleting board to be used for future reference.

DAY TWO

1. The teacher will write on the chalk board three headings: a. Common Road Signs,



b. Common Warning Signs, C. Common Signs Placed in Working Situation

Have students students select the signs that are to be placed under each of the three headings. Have the students copy the headings along with the signs under each and instruct them to keep a copy in their notebooks for future references.

2. Pass out copies of the Florida Driver's Handbook. Have students to locate traffic regulatory signs in the book.

3. Show selected films or filmstrips concerning the safety signs. Discuss the films.

4. Give the students a series of twenty pictures on a mimeographed sheet. The pictures will consist of twenty pictures of which ten are traffic regulartory signs. The student is given instructions to circle the ten traffic regulartory signs.



JUNIOR HIGH VOICE AND DICTION

(Time approximately one to three weeks) depending on involvement and depth and student ability to grasp material.

An expressive voice and clear correct speech are vital assets in all aspects of life. Personnel directors list voice and diction as top priority in meeting the public and sharing 'Jess. lon: Introducti

mechanism, practice in breathing exercises to relax our voice, and constant evareness It is the major objective of this unit to provide an understanding of our voice of our speech in order to improve vocal and speech habits.

The major unit has been divided into five mini-units. These five areas include:

- A. VOCAL TRACT
- B. BREATH CONTROL
- C. VOUTL SOURCE
- D. CONSONANT SOUNDS
- . PROBUNCIATION

The format includes title, terminal objectives, procedures, suggested materials and assessments.



ritle: VOCAL TRACT

diaphragm, trachas, laryex, tongue, lips, teeth Given a diagram of the vocal tract and a corresponding list of parts, the student names and identities at least five of the following: mouth, nasal cavity, soft and hard palate. B. O.:

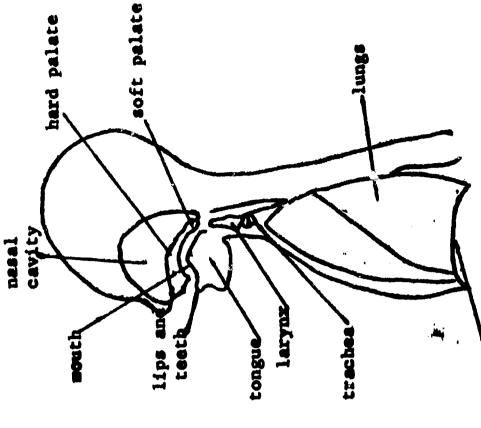
diaphragm, edure: Prepare a transparency illustrating a diagram of the vocal tract, including: traches, larynx, tongue, lips, teath, mouth, nasal cavity, hard and soft palate.

parency on the overhead projector. As you point to the parts on the diagram, the student Present each student with a diagram (mismeographed) of the vocal tract. Place your translocates and marks them on his mimeographed sheet.

Present an anatomical model to the class: This way the students can see the shape and location of each part in relation to the total body, use the model available from the ITV center or, if you are part of a Senter High, use the one in the biology department.

ggested Material: Anatomical model, mismographed sheets outlining vocal tract, overhead projector.

aluation: Prepare a test as stated in the Behavioral Objective.



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Title: Breath Control

as he can on one breath, the student takes a deep breath and reads the selection as far as Behavorial Objective: Given a selection with which he is familiar and instructed to read as far he can without drawing a second breath.

dure: In speech breathing there is a very brief inhalation and a slow, more controlled exhalation period. Proce

Explain and demonstrate the following exercises to the student. Check each child to see if he is performing the exercise correctly.

Have the students practice the following breathing exercise:

- Place your hands on both sides of your rib cage and pant in quick succession.
- and evenly while you mentally count, gradually increase your count to fifteen seconds. Avoid from the feeling under your hands that the whole rib cage is expanding. Then exhale slowly Make sure Stand straight with an easy and well balanced posture. Inhale slowly. muscular tension.
- 3. Yawn freely; acquire the feeling of an open relaxed throat.
- 4. Let your head fall forward on your chest. Lift it up and back, letting the jaw remain loose. Drop it again and slowly roll the head as though describing a circle.
- Take in a deep breath, relex your jay; think of your throat as large and exhale

isted Material: Present each student with a mimeographed sheet for the breathing exercises and a copy of a familiar poem or literature selection. gment: Each student reads orally a selection with which he is familiar as stated in the behavioral

objective.

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Title: Vowel Sounds

Given a passage from "The Rime of the Ancient Mariner" by Samuel Taylor Coleridge, and instructed to read it pronouncing each vowel clearly, the student reads the excerpt giving full value to every vowel sound. B. O.

The vowel sounds may be classified as front, middle, and back vowels according to the position of the tongue as each is formed. Procedure:

Provide the student with a mirror, let him see the various positions of his speech organs as he pronounces various vowel sounds in words. For example:

a. feel, fill, fell, fall

b. tea, tin, ten, ton

c. cat, it, at, ought

d. peak, pick, peck, pork

Material: Teacher constructed material, a copy of "The Rime of the Ancient Mariner."

essment: Read the excerpt below from the "Rime of the Ancient Mariner" giving full value to the vowel sounds:

"Water, water, everywhere,

And all the boards did shrink.

Water, vater, everywhere,

Nor any drop to drink."

tle: Consonant Sounds

Given an excerpt from "The Pied Piper of Hamelin" by Robert Browning, and instructed to read it pronouncing each consonant clearly the student reads the excerpt giving full value to the consonant sounds. 8.0.:

Procedure: The consonant sounds are made when air passage is obstructed at some point by the tongue,

The consonant sounds are:

soft palate or lips.

PLOSIVE

Voiceless	Voiced	Air is stopped by:
as in pop as in tan or k as in came	b as in Bob d as in dad g as in game	Lip against lip Tip of tongue against upper gum ridge Back of tongue against soft palate
	FRICATIVE	
Voiceless .	Voiced	Air paesage narrowed by:
fas in fan sas in bus	v as in van z as in buzz	Upper teeth on lower lip Front of tongue against upper and lower teath which are almost closed
sh as in sure	zh as in ezure	Tip of tongue turned toward hard palate,
sh as in which th as in breath	w as in witch th as in breathe	Sounded lips and raised tongue Tip of tongue against upper teeth
Consonants	KASAL	Mouth closed by:
s as in manny ng as in sing n as in nina		Lip on lip Back of tongue on soft palate Tip of tongue on upper guas

Read the excernt giving full Teacher constructed, a copy of "The Pied Piper of Hamelin." value to the consonant sounds. tals:

Assessment: "Great rate, small mats, brawny rate,

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Title: Promenciation

dictionary, marks them according to discritical markings, and pronounces each word cor-Given a list of twenty-five words which are commonly mispronounced and having reviewed districtical markings as presented in the dictionary, the student looks them up in the rectly before the class. Procedure: Pronunciation entails the use of correct vowel and consonant sounds in words and the placing of the accent on the stressed syllables.

Benind the students that when they look up a word in the dictionary the first pronunciation Review discritical markings with the students. Present the students with ten words discritically marked. Explain the markings, then ask the students to repeat pronunciation, Review until students are able to pronounce correctly words given with these markings. is preferable, but the others are also in good usage.

Prepare a list of words for pactice in syllable stress.

Assessment:

Suggested material: Teacher and student constructed mimeograph sheets.

ecent a test as	7	stated	ţı	the	stated in the Behavioral Objective based on the followin	Objective	pessiq	0	the	followin
February					sincerity				7	4.000
with					heroine				7	Sessert
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orchestra					Vomen				1	ne i ve
chauffeur					alies				ā	oensine
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ofi					bouquet					mateur

UNIT: PREPARING'A BUDGET

TIME: 3 MEERS

I. PURPOSE:

purpose of this unit is to present to the student the concept of budgeting his income further aim is to develop in the student the understandings and attitudes conducive to the knowledge of the items necessary to accomplish a sound budget arrangement. The purpose of this unit is to present to the with the knowledge of the items necessary to A further aim is to develop in the student if inancial responsibility in the real world.

II. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

When presented with (1) a model budget which divides a weekly income in terms of percentages into areas of: food, clothing, shelter, medical care, transportation, insurance, entertainment, savings, and miscellameous, (2) a definite weekly income to work with, the student will develop a budget and determine the amount of money to go into each area as stated in the model, using his total income for the week.

III. TEACHING PRECEDURES:

1. INITIAL MOTIVATING ACTIVITIES

- variety of ways in which they like to spend their money. The board should be limited Have the students develop a bulletin board display with pictures depicting the to allow for an equal area to be devoted to the teacher's display.
 - The teacher should put on the bulletin board those pictures denoting the necessary expenditures in the real world. These pictures, taken possibly from magazines, should show situations with which the students can identify.
- These should be listed on the board Have each student give an oral presentation to the class explaining the items he considers part of his weekly expenditures. for further discussion.
- are related to the subject of budgeting. Many private companies will send materials on request related to this area. These can be located in the EDUCATOR'S FILE OF Develop an information center for pictures, books, and resource materials which FREE AND INEXPENSIVE MATERIALS, or Pepe's book FREE AND INEXPENSIVE MATERIALS.

B. DEVELOPMENTAL ACTIVITIES

transparency in advance, but allow only one term at a time to be shown until the list complete. Then review the entire list with the class. The list should include: should be written down in the student's notebooks. The presentation can be made either on the chalkboard or, if svailable, an overhead projector. Prepare the b. financial responsibility c. expenditures d. deficit spending h. income-earning Present to the class a glossary of terms which will be used in the unit. g. consumer f. investments and dividend a. budget e. credit

- 2. Present to the class a chart showing the three major sources of income. These present the major or entire source of money to be budgeted. Allow the students to suggest other means, but indicate that they are not dependable for the sake of establishing a budget. They may, of course, come up with some dependable means, but again do not include them in the budget.

 a. vocational activity b. savings on deposit c. investment dividends
- 3. Develop with the class a list of items which should be included in any budget arrangement. These items are standard, but the students need to think about them and develop the list themselves. a. food b. shelter c. clothing d. transportation e. medical care f. takes g. savings h. insurance i. entertainment j. miscellaneous
- 4. Present a basic form for budgeting a weekly income. Develop variations of this form to account for bi-weekly and monthly salary schedules. The form should be presented in terms of percentages and actual income. (See attached form.)
- 5. Review with the class the concept of fractions and percentages. Allow for remedial teaching on this point. Do not go into any greater detail than is necessary for the understanding and development of functional operations in real situations. Use textbook materials or construct your own which will allow for the study of these points.
- 6. Give each student a copy of the budget form and have him indicate the areas into which the salary is to be divided. Work out a similar form on the board or on the overhead projector.
- 7. Have the class work out an average budget suitable for several different wage levels. Allow for individual differences as far as possible on items such as entertainment, shelter, transportation, and insurance.
- 8. Assign a specific sum of money to each student. This sum may be the same for all or different for each. The student should use the model the teacher has set up in percentage terms to determine his own budget.
- 9. Discuss the importance of savings as an integral part of the budget. The student needs to realize the value of establishing money reserves. Present situations in which the student will need money reserve. (1.e., unemployment, lay-offs, emergency medical treatment not covered by insurance, emergency expenditures on home or car.)
- 10. Present the concept of investment for capital growth and greater income. (letting money work for more money). The areas most open to small investment with little risk should be stressed most. This information can be obtained from a local bank or investment company. Usually a representative will gladly come to speak to a class and give first hand information.



- 11. Present any available films or filmstrips as a review session covering the unit. See the list of materials for suggested items.
- 12. Plan a class function which will require the expenditure of money.

 Assign the class the task of budgeting money for the various items needed.

 Small groups can each work on a segment of the function. (i.e. food, paper goods, favors or prizes)

C. ASSESSMENT ACTIVITIES

- 1. Give a short test based on the behavioral objective.
- 2. Application of the budget to the class function can be considered as a group assessment of the unit.



MATERIALS FOR UNIT ON BUDGET

A.	Fil	ins	Number	Time	Grade	B/W or C
	1.	"Story of our Money System"	318	11m	4-9	c
	2.	"Fred Meets the Bank"	120	15		C
	3.	"Why Budget ?"	467			
	4.	"Percentage"	1379	11	7-12	c
	5.	"Percent in Everyday Life"	319	11	4-9	p\m
	6.	"that are Fractions?"		12	4-6	b∕w
	7.	"Your Earning Power"	544			
B.	Film	strips				
	1.	"YOUR BUDGET" a. "New Look at Budget" b. "Your Money's Worth in Shopping" c. "Managing your Clothing Dollar" d. "Your World and Money" e. "Spending our Food Dollar"	1238	5 fs	9-12	
C.	Tap	•				
	1.	ECONOMIC WORLD OF TEENAGERS	50/1/1		10-12	
D.	Mis	cellameous Materials				
	1.	Overhead projector	6. Filmstrip	projec	ctor	
	_	M	7 MAA - 1 - 1 -			

- - 2. Transparencies
 - 3. Chalkboard
 - 4. Bulleting Board
 - 5. Construction paper

- 7. Ditto budget forms
- 8. Commerical games involving the handling of money (i.e., Monopoly, Let's Make a Deal)



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FOR
BUDGET

SALARY OTHER TOLLE																						
	BALANCE																					
BUDGET FOR THE WEEK OF	ACTUAL COST																				·	
	BUDGETED ANOUNT	enth safe. I v v v v				TO SEE TO STREET OF				-												
	MENS	FOOD	SHELTER	A. RENT	B. MAINTENANCE	CLOTHING	TRANS PORTATION	A. COST	B. MAINTENANCE	INSURANCE	TAXES	MEDICAL CARE	ENTERTAINMENT	MISC.	Α,	B.	D.	E.	° K	TOTAL	SAVINGS	

LESSON PLAN

UNIT: BUDGET

TIME: FIFTY MINUTES

OBJECTIVE: When presented with an explanation of the new unit and asked to be located in magazines provided by the teacher the ways in which he spends his money,

the student will locate and cut out at least three such pictures.

PROCEDURE: Upon entering the room the students will be told what the new unit will be.

An explanation by the teacher and discussion by the class should follow.

After a short period of discussion, about 15 minutes, the teacher should divide the class into small work groups.

Present the groups with the task of locating pictures (in magazines provided by the teacher) which depict items or means by which the students spend their money. Time for this activity should be about 25 minutes.

Groups return to their seats and each studet in turn shows the pictures he has selected. Limit discussion at this time. The discussion should take place only after all the students have presented their work. Allow about 10 minutes for this.

Assign students the task of mounting their pictures to be posted on the bulletin board so designed for their use.

EVALUATION: Students should each have located at least three pictures. Their assignment will be evaluated as homework for the next day.

MATERIALS: Provide the students with sufficient magazines to allow all to work at the same time.

Provide construction paper for the mounting of the pictures.



JUNIOR HIGH LEVEL

ALPHABETICAL LISTINGS FOR BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

TITLE	PAGE	TITLE	PAGE
AGENCIES AND LOCATION	8	FACEL LIFE	29
AGENCIES AND SERVICES	59	POLLOWING DIRECTIONS	ત્ર
APPAREL AND MANNERS	7, 8	FOUR SEASONS	16
APPROPRIATE APPAREL	•	FRACTIONS	53
ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION	m	GEOMETRIC SHAPES	8
CALENDAR NUMBERS	ĵū	GREATER TIME SPANS	18
CAPITALIZATION	38	HEALTH HAZARDS	07
CITIZENSHIP - Elections	27	HOLLDAYS	17
CITIZENSHIP - Symbols	90	LEISURE TIME	89
CITIZENSHIP - Voting	28	LISTENING FOR IDEAS	2 1
CLASSROOM TASKS	33	LISTENING TO POETHY	43
CLOCKS	13	LIQUID-DRY MEASURES	57
COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY	×	MATH SYMBOLS	47, 48
COST COMPARTSON	50	MEASURING LINE SECMENTS	गुँद
DIRECTIONALITY	ग्र	MEASURING OBJECTS	55
DISEASE PREVENTION	7	MEASURING TINE	12
BIOTTONS	21	MONEY PROBLEMS	617

JUNIOR HIGH LEVEL - Continued

TITLE	PAGE	TITLE	PAGE
MONTHS AND DATS	14	TABLE OF CONTENTS	37
MULTIPLYING 2 AND 3 DIGITS	53	THE FIVE SENSES	17 2
NAME ARTICULATION	10	THE YELLOW PAGES	*
NUMERICAL SEQUENCE	97 * 57	TIME CONCEPTS	=
NUTRITION	1 0	TRAFFIC STONS	~
ORDER FORMS	56	TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULES	61
PERSONAL CLEANLINESS	. 9	2 AND 3 DIGIT DIVISORS	क्ष
READING THE NEWSPAPER	17	USING COMMAS	25
RECOGNIZING COMPLETE SENTENCES	39	WEATHER SIGNS	-
SCHOOL REGULATIONS	æ	WEIGHT MEASURIBHENT	28
SCHEDULING TIME	19	WORK HABITS	33
SHORT STORIES	22, 23	WRITING SOCIAL LEITERS	56
SOCIAL LETTER FORM	. 50		

SENIOR HIGH LEVEL
Alphabetical Title Listings for Behavioral Objectives

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TITLE	PAGE	TITIE	PAGE
ACCEPTING CRITICISM	29	INSURANCE AGENCIES	42, 43
ADAPTING AND CHANGE	24	JOB APPLICATIONS	∞
ALCOHOLLC CONSUMPTION	69 '87	JOB SUPPLIES	12
APPLICATION FORMS	13	LEADERLESS SITUATIONS	21
ASKING ASSISTANCE	18, 19, 20	LONG DISTANCE MEDIA	
AUTHORITY POSITIONS	25	MINIMUM WAGE LAW	ສ
AVOCATIONAL COSTS	37	NECATIVE PERFORMANCE	11
BUDGETING	32	OBTAINING A JOB	14
COMPARISON BUYING	31	PERSONALITY TRAITS	17
CONSECULIVE DIRECTIONS	23	PLACEMENT AGENCIES	10
CONSTRUCTIVE CRITICISM	27	PREMIUM PAYMENTS	7
CRITERIA FOR ACTIVITIES	%	PUNCTUALITY	33
DRAFT BOARDS	39	RESUMÉS	m
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FINDING A JOB	•	SOCIAL SECURITY	07
POLLOWING DIRECTIONS	26	TAX FILING	4, 5, 41
PRINCE BENEFITS	8	WAGE RATES	•
GROUP COOPERATION	15	WEITTER CORDINICATION	7
HISTORICAL GROUP EFFORT	91		

1. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT SHOULD BE ABLE TO DISTINGUISH AND INTERPRET ENVIRONMENTAL SIGNS PERTINENT TO HIS HEALTH AND SAFETY.

REHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

diven four pictures depicting a full aloud, a barometer falling, cracked earth, and a picture of a hurrican warming, the student identifies and names each picture according to the weather condition it suggests.

COMMUNICATIVE AND			
FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUCCESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Map reading	SOCIAL STUDIES	films or filmstrip	Weather maps and globes
2. Reading ability		climatic conditions. After the students view the film or filmstrips present a discussion.	Markers
3. Perceptual speed		Study weather maps and globes in tracking down hurricans, blizzards and other severe weather conditions.	Pupil constructed weather charts
4. Visualization		Make use of weather reports listed in local newspapers.	Deily newspapers
•		Encourage group discussion as to the characteristics of these climatic conditions and protective measures one might take during severe weather conditions.	Weather thermometers Films
		Visit your local weather station.	Filmstrips
		Instruct student to read the weather thermometer.	•
		Study clouds descriptive of changing weather conditions.	
•			
			Wrather Signs
	The second secon		JUNIOR HIGH

ERIC AFUIT FROVIDED BY ERIC

THE STUDENT SHOULD BE ABLE TO DISTINGUISH AND INTERPRET ENVIRONMENTAL SIGNS PERTINENT TO HIS HEALTH AND SAFETY. 1. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE diven a series of twenty pictures which includes ten traffic regulatory signs, the student identifies and names at least seven of the traffic regulatory signs.

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

MATERIALS	Pupil-teacher made sign	Construction paper	Crayons	Instructional Signs	Florida Driver's Handbook	from magazines and other sources				
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Safety precaution signs are presented to the class through the use of wisual aids:	posters films of safety	books Present the visual aids to the class and have students	practice the spelling and writing of each sign. Maches the meaning of each sign to the class.	Using the Florida Driver's Handbook, instruct students to recognize signs by shapes and colors.	Show films and/or filmstrips stressing traffic signs. Display traffic signs.	Have the students construct a scrapbook of traffic signs and safety precaution signs.	Have the student list signs used in his immediate environment.	Visit the Highway Patrol	
SUBJECT AREA	SOCIAL STUDIES									
COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Visualization	2. Recognition	3. Reading ability	4. Spelling ability	5. Venory					,

TRAFFIC SIGHS JUNIOR HIGH

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THE STUDENT SEDULD SHOW AN AMARENESS AND ABILITY TO ALJUST TO HIS BODY'S PHISIOAL NEEDS. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

student demonstrates the usage of the technique through a cooperative team role-play situation TIVE. Given ten diagrams illustrating the technique for administering artificial respiration, the BEHAVIORAL OBJEC

acting out each step given in the ten diagrams.

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

Cross First American Red MATERIALS Charts instruct students on the importance of knowing how to VISUAL AIDS Show films or filmstrips on administering artificial One good reference book on first aid is essential. SUCCESTED METHODOLOGY Provide charts respiration. ACTIVITIES HEALTH EDUCATION SOCAIL STUDIES SUBJECT AREA SCIENCE COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS . Visualisation i. Social adapt-3. Reasoning 4. Listening ability

VISITATIONS
Health murse
Fire department
Rescue squad
Police department
(ask each to discuse his role in first aid and have
him relate experiences and give demonstrations).

artificial respiration. Ask them to bring in the machines and devices used in administering artificial

Through the use of role-playing, have students de-

respiration.

monstrate techniques for artificial respiration.

Invite a member from the police or fire department to demonstrate correct procedures for administering

administer artificial respiration.

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2. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT SHOULD SHOW AN AWARENESS AND ABILITY TO ADJUST TO HIS BODY'S PHYSICAL NEEDS.

BENAVIORAL ORIECTIVE. method of prevention for the disease and a list containing one corresponding syntom and repairs an antity of prevention for the disease named, the student matches at least fifteen of the diseases with the corresponding list of symptoms and methods for prevention.

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

•				
, – ,–	COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
` . -	Development of concern for self-	SCIENCE	Develop the concept that prevention is possible. List diseases for which immunisations are easily obtainable	Pamphlets on disease symptoms
		HEALTH EDUCATION	from a physician or bealth department such as: Tetanns	Charts
જં	Inorledge of	SOCIAL STUDIES	Polto	Misetrine:
	and symptoms of diseases		Discuss value and need of immunisation. Lead class	"Hology-Disorders in Human
~			discussion of recognition of symptoms and ways of evaluating them. 1.6. using the thermometer. Include	"Health Adventures"
1	physician in caring		PIC	Visit health department
	illness caused by		•tc.	West, hy doctor and health
	01202563			nurse to the class
4	Reading		Make extensive use of charts, films or filmstrips to	Pictures of communicable
ņ	Comprehension			diseases
			ACTIVITIES Conduct survey of students having been immunised. Ask students to conduct survey of family members having been immunised.	
			Have a physicial visit the class and bring his "black	
			Ask him to demonstrate with his instruments and discuss what he does in examining a patient.	
			West health department.	
			Invite health nurse or school nurse to visit and discuss with the class, "what they can do in combating and treating communicable diseases".	•
				DISEASE PREVENTION JUNIOR HIGH

THE STUDENT SHOULD SHOW AN AWARENESS AND ABILITY TO ADJUST TO HIS BODY'S PHYSICAL NEEDS. 2. GENERAL ORIECTIVE: ARHAVIORAL ORIECTIVE: Chrem a descriptive listing of the seven basic food groups and examples of foods within each group, and the requirements for a balanced meal for breakfast, lunch, and dinner, the students IERMINAL BEHAVIOR: Will construct a menu for one meal indicating all of the required foods for that meal.

COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Verbal ability	SCIENCE	Beview the food classifications	Magasines
2. Social living	HEALTH EDUCATION	meate	Kenspapers
i		milk and dairy products	
3. Visualisation	SOCIAL STUDIES	vegetables (yellow and green)	Charts
h. Adentability	HOME ECONOMICS	fats	Posters
		Use charts (teacher or student-constructed)	
		Poster from health departments	Use of the Home Economics
		ACTIVITIES Invite the cafeteria supervisor to talk with your	
		•	
		positive image); later these students may work in the cafeteria as their on-campus job training experience.	
		Have the student construct daily or weekly menus; let this be team work activity.	
		Field trips to large supermarket is a good approach	
		Let students prepare menus for and serve a balanced meal.	
			•

STATION HICH

TUTRITION

;

THE STUDENT SHOULD SHOW AN AWARENESS AND ABILITY TO ADJUST TO HIS BODY'S PHYSICAL NEEDS.

2. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: AND REHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

and healthy body, the student will list and explain at least ten of these methods and techniques Given one essay question: "How I Keep My Body Clean and Healthy", and a list of twenty methods and techniques demonstrated and explained by the teacher towards the maintenance of a clean in his essay.

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

MATERIALS	Charts Diagrams	Anatomical models Combs		Tooth brushes Mirrors	Shampoo	Samil bowls	Human Body Kit	(#650 Kenworthy)		Good Health Charts	(Kenworthy)		 				•				•	Productive Control	
SUCCESTED METHODOLOGY	Stress the need for rest in promoting growth. Discuss		dentifrice.	Demonstrate various procedures involved in proper care	-	Emphasize the role of dandruff, dirt, skin oils, pores	00	Stress importance of frequent pathing and washing hands before and after leaving the toilet.	Demonstrate proper selection of shampoo to care for	hair.	Give several shampoos in class.	Discuss cause, symptoms and treatment of such conditions		E .	heat exhaustion pneumonis	Emphasize the need for proper exercise and rest.	ACTIVITIES Assion a committee to make collections of tooth brushes	and bring in several types of dentifrice.	Encourage students to observe people's teeth and to	evaluate the role of attractive teeth in personal	appearance.	ASK STUDENTS TO MOUSE CONTINUES TO VELLOUS CLASSICS CONTINUES TO MOUSE CONTINUES TO MOUSE TO	tenortance of each item of clothing selected.
SHRIPCT AREA	SCIENCE	HEALTH EDUCATION	SOCIAL STUDIES																				
COMMUNICATIVE AND	1. Knowledge of	proper care of the body	2. Listening		3. Cooperation	4. Participation	•										•	•					

PERSONAL CLEANLINESS

THE STUDENT SHOULD BE ABLE TO SELECT APPROPRIATE APPAREL AND TO MANIFEST ACCEPTABLE MANNERS IN SOCIAL, ACADEMIC AND VOCATIONAL SITUATIONS. 3. GENERAL DRJECTIVE:

Given a brief description of five social situations and a list of positive social behaviors which are pertinent to these situations, the students will select and list a minimum of 3 positive behaviors from each situation. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

18	OGNICATIVE AND			MATERIALS	
15	FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY		*
1:	Social living	LANGUAGE ARTS	teacher instructs the student in procedures of	Films Check your Filmstrips school library	r.
6	Oral language	1. Oral language	men are introduced as women	Eriquette books	
•			b. young people are introduced to other people		
i	rotse	6. Reading for	distinguished persons have others introduce them	Phamphlets	
4.	Articulation	infor		Current magazines	
Ŋ,	Promunciation	5. Listening 6. Vocabulary			
	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	•	2. The teacher provides a setting depicting any or all of the introductions and the students roll play.	normalization and pupping	
•	A TOTAL OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	SOCIAL STUDIES		Teacher-student constructed materials	
7.	Relations to		3. The teacher with assistance item time and an appropriate		
	pers	1. Social living	oral achowledges	Role playing	
œ	Relations to	of students	a. A women offers		
	superiors	3. Information	_		
a	Merecal destarity	gathering A Interpreting	b. A young woman does not bilet to slane manus an en older woman but waits until the older woman	"Speech Improvement," I.T.V.	1 *
•		•	offers	Palm Beach County	
10.	Enunciation	5. Adapting to	c. Hen do not offer to shake hands with women but		
11.	Self-confidence	6. Citizenship			
}			The teacher and student discuss		
12.	Inctions!	edequecy			
	\$21719 229	APPAGE LIMIT AND	The discussion should include		
		1. Social acceptant	. a . I		
				•	
		3.Job requirement	b. Pacial expression		,
		4.Personal and	C. "Yes" or "no" - "yes, no."		•
		communty relation	4		1
			e. Reising hand	APPAREL AND HANNERS	1

S. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT SHOULD BE ABLE TO SELECT APPROPRIATE APPAREL AND TO MANIFEST ACCEPTABLE MANHERS
IN SOCIAL, ACADEMIC AND VOCATIONAL SITUATIONS.

IN SOCIAL, ACADEMIC AND VOCATIONAL SITUATIONS.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a brief description of five social situations and a list of positive social behaviors which are pertinent to these situations, the students will select and list on minimum of 3

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

positive behaviors from each situation.

HATERIALS		•				APPAREL AID MAINTES
SUCCESTED METHODOLOGY	f. Waiting their turn g. Being aware of that teacher's classroom policies h. Exhibiting politeness towards peers as well as instructor	5. The teacher and student discuss courtesies in speaking: a. adaptability b. sharing experiences c. having something to say d. speak distinctively e. voice friendly f. use variety of pitch and enthusiane g. vaiting your turn h. be tactful i. being tolerant	6. Each of the nine courtesies should be discussed and more added. 7. Ask the student to cite examples from their everyday experiences.	8. Divide students in groups. Present each group with a problem. Let students perform an improvisation. Observe their courtesies to each other. After each improvisation discuss what occurred. According to the criteria discussed on positive social behaviors.	9. Present a test based on the behavioral objective.	
SUBJECT AREA						
COPPUBLICATIVE AND FINCTIONAL' SKILLS				•		

GENERAL OBJECTIVE: IN SOCIAL, ACADEMIC AND VOCATIONAL SITUATIONS.

The BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: When given 10 brief descriptions involving social, academic, and vocational situations. student will identify appropriate apparel for each situation.

MATERIALS	Current fashion magazines ("Teens," "Co-ed", "Seventeen") Books on body and shape Films Films Films Films Tilks a Clothes Look"	APPROPRIATE APPAREL
SUCCESTED METHODOLOGY	The teacher and student discuss appropriate clothing for various occasions. Together they arrive at acceptable criteria. The student -constructed posters illustrating appropriate clothing for various occasions or cuts out of magazines appropriate cotumes for various occasions, labels and places in a notebook. Ask the pupils to model costumes for various occasions, for example; werk, sports, parties, dates, church. Invite an outside speaker from a local department store to give assistance to the students in their selection of what looks best on them. Care of clothing should also be discussed (dry-cleaning, laundering, ironing, pressing, brushing, moth proofing, and closet storage. Present a test based on the Behavioral Objective.	
SURIECT AREA	LANGUAGE ARTS 1. Perception 2. Oral language 3. Listening - 4. Writing 4. Writing 7. Social acceptance 2. Personal acceptance 2. Personal acceptance 3. Group dynamics 7. Octaniane 7. Job require 7. Social acceptance 7. Group dynamics 7. Group dynamics 7. Campines 8. Cleanlines 9. Cleanlines	
COMPUNICATIVE AND	1. Social living 2. Oral language 3. Visual perception tion h. Menual dexterity	

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GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT SHOULD BE ABLE TO SELECT APPROPRIATE APPAREL AND TO MANIFEST ACCEPTABLE MANNERS IN SOCIAL, ACADEMIC AND VOCATIONAL SITUATIONS.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: When asked "What is your full name?" the student responds articulately by pronouncing his entire name.

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Verbalization	LANGUAGE ARTS	The teacher introduces herself, pronounces her name and writes it on the heard	"Speech
2. Pcise		11 01111 0110 01111	I.T.V. Palm
- Alexandra		Each child introduces himself to the teacher	Beach County
3. Enunciation	3. Listening	to the class depending on	
4. Listening	SOCIAL STUDIES	the class, some may find this activity elementary).	`, *
	to lartonality	Ways the class recest each etudent's	
	2. Social accer-	name and the teacher replies repeating	
	3. Adaptability		
	to new situ-	1 child	
	ations	person	
		him (this creates a relaxed atmosphere).	
		Present a test based on the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	
-			
			KANG ARTION-
			Junior Rich 10

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4. CENERAL ORIECTIVE:

THE STUDENT SHOULD DEPONSTRATE AN AMAZENESS OF TIME JUDGEMENT FOR A VARIETY OF TIME SPANS.

BRHAVIONAL OBJECTIVE: CAVER a list of ten vocabulary words pertaining to time concepts and a multiple choice are answer sheet, the student shades the correct answer of at least eight of the vocabulary words.

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Materials
1. Inculedge of time spans	SOCIAL STUDIES	Stress learning time concepts of minutes, hours, seconds, and then extend the concept to include before	Pupil constructed clocks
2 Telling time	VCCATTONAT		Calendars
(reading	ORIENTATION	Apply time concepts to time zones in the country	E obes
	BNGLISH	VISUAL AIDS Make use of filmstrips or films where applicable.	Maps sharing time lines
4. Mechanical comprehension			
5. Reading ability			
			•
•	•		
			•

10 C CO (CR21S

JETIOR HIGH

L. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

THE STUDIENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AMARENESS OF TIME JUDGEMENT FOR A VARIETY OF TIME SPANS.

BEHAVIORAL ORIECTIVE: Civen a prepared sheet of ten problems involving time units of seconds, minutes and hour, the shavioral orientations will solve at least eight of the problems.

MATERIALS	Charts		•
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	1 1 1 1	Provide practice problems which will help student learn to calculate the number of days worked and the number of hours worked in that particular day. Provide practice problems for calculating the number of: seconds in a minute minutes in a hour hour hour and hour in a day.	VISUAL AIDS Provide charts showing equivalents for seconds, minutes, and hours, etc. Use films or filmstrips where applicable.
SUBJECT AREA	MATHEMATICS SOCIAL STUDIES		·
COMPUNICATIVE AND	1. Mechanical comprehension 2. Resoming	3. Numerical ability is follow oral and written instructions	

THE STUDENT SHOULD DESCRIPTE AN AMARENESS OF TIME JUDGEMENT FOR A VARIETY OF TIME SPANS. 4. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

Offers a prepared sheet of twenty clock faces with the hands showing time (before and after) and a multiple choice answer sheet, the student identifies the time shown by each clock. BEHAVIORAL ONJECTI

MATERIALS	Pencils	Creyons	Chalkboard	Crayola (assorbed colors)	Colored chalk	Flamel board fith cutouts for manipulation.	Overhead proje tor	Clocks	Pupil-constructed clocks	Clocks	Drawing paper	•		JUNIOR HIGH
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Review parts of clock and telling time, counting by	VISUAL ATIES	Using overhead projector, draw a picture of a clock	2 at the top to the 6 at		lock before the hour (12- the other side after the Transfer to stressing	hand (down after the hour, up before the nour). Kepeat visualisation.							
SUBJECT AREA	SOCIAL STUDIES	WOCATIONAL ORTENTATION		MATHEMATICS			,							
COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Telling time	2. Estimating time											;	

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THE STUDENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF TIME JUDGEMENT FOR A VARIETY OF TIME SPANS. 4. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE; places them in correct order.

TERNINAL BEHAVIOR.

MATERIALS	Calendars	Pencils 3.	Construction paper						•	
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Drill students in naming each of the months and	Describe and the end and line of the months and days.	THE STATE OF THE S	Practice writing abbreviations for each month and	each day.	ACTIVITIES	Have student construct calculais.			
SURJECT AREA	SOCIAL STUDIES	ENGLISH	MATHEMATICS							
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Reading	2. Writing	3. Spe]14ng		4. Listening					



THE STUDENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF TIME JUDGEMENT FOR A VARIETY OF TIME SPANS.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a prepared sheet of ten problems involving days and weeks, the student will solve at least eight of the problems. 4. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

MATERIALS	Chart showing number of days in each month	CALEDAR NUMBERS
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Beview the number of days in a month and the number of months in a year. Provide practice problems involving the calculation the number of: days in a week days in a week days in a month days in a month weeks in a year months in a year months in a year	•
SUBJECT AREA	MATHEMATICS SOCAIL STUDIES	
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Mechanical comprehension 2. Reasoning 3. Numerical ability 4. Ability to follow oral and written instructions.	

THE STUDENT SHOULD DEPONSTRATE AN AMARENESS OF TIME JUDGEMENT FOR A VARIETY OF TIME SPANS.

BENAVICEAL OBJECTIVE: Given fifteen pictures depicting the four seasons of the year, the student identifies and names each picture according to the season it depicts. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

The state of the s			
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
Environmental adaptability	SOCIAL STUDIES	VISUAL AIDS He nictures showing the four seasons of the year.	Transparencies of season:
Pronunciation	ENGLISH	•	Pupil made maps and
Spelling	SCIENCE	with other states. Using overhead projector, show maps	calendars
Oral communica-		quent use of globes, stressing the line or path on which the sun travels.	Construction paper
Nap reading	ند باز بسند، د واردن		Calendars
		differences in the climatic conditions. Have student categorize months according to seasons. Encourage students to talk about their favorite season and why.	Weather maps
			Overhead projector
		ACTIVITIES Have each student construct a poster or scrapbook on a selected season. Of ve writing exercises which will	Colorful pictures depicting the seasons
		require the use of spelling and identifying the seasons.	Visit to local weather station
•		FIELD TRIPS Visit weather bureau so that the student may see how these seasonal maps are used in tracing weather conditions.	
			FOUR SEASONS

LA GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT SHOULD DESCONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF TIME JUDGEMENT FOR A VARIETY OF TIME SPANS

REMAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Chren a prepared sheet of ten special days and holidays, the student writes the month and day for at least eight of them

COMMUNICATIVE AND	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
FUNCTIONAL SALES		SECTION OF LAND STATE OF LAND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	Calendars
1. Mowledge of time	SOCIAL STUDIES	instruct students to resu calculate and holidays.	Tental motion
	Vocational Orien-	Have students list all holidays listed according to	und untilage and Spacia
(reading calen-		month of occurence and have them write dates by each.	Days" (Instructo, Drace.
dars, maps, globes)	Mathematics	Use associations to reinforce special days and holidays	
3. Visualisation		Dey-Flags, etc.)	
		Have student construct a calendar of holidays and special days.	
		Show films or filmstrips about special days and	
			TO DE LA COMPANSION DE
			JUNIOR HIGH



THE STUDIENT SHOULD DEPONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF TIME JUDGEMENT FOR A VARIETY OF TIME SPANS. 4. GENERAL ORIECTIVE:

REMAVIORAL OBJECTIVE. Given a propared sheet on which the terms "decade," "score," "century," "willennium" and "REMAVIORAL OBJECTIVE. "days in the leap year" have been written, the student writes the corresponding equivalent

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR: value for each term.

COMPAUNICATIVE AND SUBJECT AREA 1. Visualization MATHEMATICS 2. Perceptual speed SOCIAL STUDIES accuracy 3. Verbal ability 4. Mechanical comprehension	SUBJECT AREA MATHEMATICS SOCIAL STUDIES ENGLISH	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY Olive class discussion on the meanings of the terms "decade," "score," "century," millennium" and "days in the leap year." Have students write sentences using these terms. Practice spelling and writing the terms. VISUAL AIDS	MATERIALS Charts
5. Number ability		Prepare charts (include in the charts the terms and beside the terms, the equivalent values).	

THE STUDENT SHOULD BE ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS WITH REGARD TO PUNCTUALITY. S-GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

REHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a class schedule form with the time indicated on it, the student fills in the spaces with the period and subject for each of his classes allowing time for lunch and activity period.

MATERIALS	Teanagers Prepare for Wor				SCHEDULING TIME JULIOR HIGH
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Practice schedules are made by each student. Make use of the concepts of time previously learned.	See that a copy of the student's class schedule is kept at all times.	Permit students to assume the responsibility for being time keepers during activities in the classroum. This enables the student to utilise and to demonstrate his awareness of scheduling and keeping time.		
SUBJECT AREA	SOCIAL STUDIES ENGLISH	MATH			
COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Visualization 2. Spatial relation	ability 3. Punctuality		•	



STUDENT WILL BECOME PAMILIAR WITH A VARIETY OF TECHNIQUES FOR COMMUNICATING THOUGHTS NECESSARY FOR PHYSICIAL, MENTAL AND EMOTION'L WELL-BEING. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a mimeograph sheet which contains (in random order and with punctuation deleted) all the parts of

social letter: date, greeting, body, closing and signature, the student arranges the five parts in proper letter form and inserts punctuation in the proper places.

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

COMMUNICATIVE AND	FUNCTIONAL SKILLS SU
	SUBJECT AREA
	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY

MATERIALS

- 1. Visualization
- 2. Listening

1. Visualization

LANGUAGE ARTS

- 3. Writing
- 4. Viewing

3. Finger dex-

terity

2. Listening

SOCIAL STUDIES

1. Social living

Verbal lan-

7

guage

- Information gathering
- Interpreting directions

Spatial re-

lations

Adapting to environment

The teacher and student discuss each of the 6 parts of the social letter.

Select 6 students to portray the 6 parts of the letter with an explanation of the function of each part and the necessary punctuation.

Present the assessment as stated in the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.

Films-consult library Filmstrips

Overhead projector

Pencil or pen

Spelling text

Teacher-constructed material

SOCIAL LETTER FORM JUNIOR HIGH

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6.GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT WILL BECOME FAMILIAR WITH A VARIETY OF TECHNIQUES FOR COMMUNICATING THOUGHS
NECESSARY FOR HIS PHYSICAL, MENTAL AND EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING.
BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: When reading a literary selection containing anger, surprise, fright, happiness, or
arrogance, the student will name in order of appearance each expression.

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

!

	MATERIALS	Edgar Allen Poe's Collection of Foems	"The Lottery", by Shirley Jackson	Books of poems	used in grades 7-9			•	
	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	i. The teacher and student discuss emotional expressions.	2. Present each student with an emotion to pantomine. Ask the other students to guess the amotion portrayed by the students facial expression.	ent to tell a	Select posms feeling and n voice as desc environment e	5. Present a test based upon the Behavioral Objective.			
į				M	<u></u>				_
	SUBJECT AREA	LANGUAGE ARTS 1. Vocabulary 2. Listening	3. Verbal language						
	COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	1. Oral language 2. Listening	3. Adaptability	4. Pronunciation 5. Social expression			,		

THE STUDENT WILL RECOME FAMILIAR WITH A VARIETY OF TECHNIQUES FOR COMMUNICATING THOUGHTS NECESSARY FOR HIS PHYSICAL, MENTAL AND EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING. 6-CENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given orally a short story and a work sheet divided into the following areas: setting, characters, plot and theme. The student will identify each part using complete sentences.

MATERIALS	Teacher-constructed materials	trips	Films library	. Records- "Rip Van Winkle"	"The Legend of Sleepy Hollow"	"The Most Dangerous Game"		•	
SINCESTED METHODOLOGY	The teacher and student discuss each of the following	Setting-is inferred by the who, what, when, where, the situation and possibly the events preceding the	opening.	Character- is inferred from description of his appearance, Records- his speech, his voice, or from parallel donditions in "Rip Van	the environment.	Plots show how the early events in the story cause the main event, the climax, the point at which we can see how the story will come out. Tell what the main character wants and explain whether and how he achieves. Tell what the main character wants and explain whether and how he achieves it or fails	to achieve it. A suggested story "Rip Van Winkle or Legend of Sleepy Hollow". They enjoy Edgar Allen Poe's stories but you must interpret the words on a lower level.		
	LANGUAGE ARTS	2. Listening 3. Verbal		4. Perception 5. Spalling					
COMPUNICATIVE AND	FUNCTIONAL SKILLS Oral language	Spatial relations	. Listening	• Adaptability	. Self-motivation	• Accuracy			

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6. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT WILL BECOME FAMILIAR WITH A VARIETY OF TECHNIQUES FOR COMMUNICATING THOUGHTS NECESSARY POR HIS PHISICAL, MENTAL AND EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given orally a short story and a work sheet divided into the following areas: Setting, Characters, Plot and tehem. The student will identify each part using complete sentences.

MATERIALS	Teacher-constructed naterials	Filmstrips-consult Films-library	Records- "Rip Van Winkle"	"The Legend of Sleepy Hollow"	"The Most Dangerous Game"			de Arti
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	The teacher and student discuss each of the following	. , ,	Character- is inferred from description of his appearance, his speech, his voice, or from parallel	Plot-show how the early events in the story cause	the main event. Explain the main event, the climax, the point at which we can see how the story will come out. Tell what the main character wants and	explain whether and how he achleves. It will will the main character wants and explain whether and how he achieves it or fails to achieve it.	A suggested stroy "Rip Van Winkle or Legend of Sleepy Hellow". They enjoy Edgar Allen Poe's stories but you must interpret the words on a lower level.	
CHRIDGE AREA	LANGUAGE ARTS	2. Idstening 3. Verbal language L. Perception	5. Spelling					
COMMUNICATIVE AND	FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	ial relations	3. Listening 4. Adaptability	5. Self-motivation	6. Accuracy			

6. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT WILL BECOME FAMILIAR WITH A VARIETY OF TECHNIQUES FOR COMMUNICATING THOUGHTS NECESSARY FOR HIS PHYSICAL, MENTAL AND EMOTIONAL VELL-BEING.

feel and a series of 10 pictures, the student will name those senses which are being employed BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a list of the five common areas of sensory perception: see, hear, taste, smell and in each picture.

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Verbal ability	LANGUAGE ARTS 1. Vocabular	The teacher and student discuss each of the areas	Film(Belle&Howell
2. Visualization		Give each student a magazine to cut and label	on sensory perception)
3. Percention	3. Gestures	advertisements which contain words (sensory imgaged)	
		that appear to see, hear, taste, smell and reel. Fresca commerical, (hear tingling)and (taste crisp).	Magazines
4. Spatial re-			Scissors
lations		Prepare a Bulletin Board based on the five common	
S Doice		areas of sensory perception.	Teacher-student
			constructed materials
6 Crostinity		t 5 spe	!
o. orearivity			Speech Improvement
		b. circus	I.T.V., P.B. County
		d. measles	
		e. Thanksgiving dinner	
		You can do each of the senses using a different	
		association.	
		they might use this senses such as office to a	
	,		
		The teacher gives each child words to use during	
		Using an opaque projector, show part of a	
			Saskas 3 and
		on .	THATOB HIGH
		appeal to.	24
		Present a test based on BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	

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THE STUDENT WILL BECOME FAMILIAR WITH A VARIETY OF TECHNIQUES FOR OBJECTIVE: GENERAL 6.

COMMUNICATING THOUGHTS NECESSARY FOR HIS PHYSICAL, MENTAL AND EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Presented with a short social letter with commas omitted in the date, between

city and state, after the salutation and complimentary close, the student places cornas in the appropriate places.

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Visualization 2. Listening	251	The teacher and student discuss the use of the comma in relation to the social letter.	Overhead pro- jector
3. Finger dex- terity	3. Writing 4. Vocabulary 5. Grammar	Select students to explain why the comma is necessary in each relevant part.	Filmstrips Spelling Text
4. Verbal langu- age	SOCIAL STUDIES 1. Social living 2. Adapting to	Present a test based on the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	Teacher-con- structed material
5. Spatial re- lations	environment 3.Interpreting directions		
			USING COPIAS JUNIOR HIGH

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6. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT WILL BECOME FAMILIAR WITH A VARIETY OF TECHNIQUES FOR COMMUNICATING THOUGHTS NECESSARY FOR HIS PHYSICAL, MENTAL AND EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: When given a form designed for a specific purpose, the student will legibly place the

correct personal data in the appropriate space.

MATERIALS	Catalog Order blanks	Cverhead projector Work forms				ORDER FORMS JUNIOR HIGH 26
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Display catalog. Give the student time to peruse the catalogue.	Encourage students to bring in any catalogues that they use. This way you learn students' interests.	Provide each student with an order blank. The teacher instructs how to fill out the order form (overhead projector) and the student follows at his desk.	Student school forms and work forms could also be taught by using the overhead projector.	Present a test based on the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	
SUBJECT AREA	1. Reading 2. Writing 3. Vocabulary	SOCIAL STUDIES 1. Interpre- ting direc-	tions 2. Adapting to environment	RELATED AREAS 1. Personal adequacy	2. Social living	
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	 Social living Finger dex- terity 		4. Visualization5. Numericalability	<pre>6. Nonverbal conceptaul ability</pre>	7. Accuracy	

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OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT WILL BECOME FAMILIAR WITH A VARIETY OF TECHNIQUES FOR COMMUNICATING THOUGHTS NECESSARY FOR HIS PHYSICAL, MENTAL AND EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING.

Given stationary and an envelope, the student writes an original friendly letter and BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

addresses the envelope according to the following criteria: a. name and address of addressee in center of envelope, b. inside address, c. salutation, d. body, e. complimentary close, d. signature.

UNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	HATERIAL
. Visualization	LANGUAGE ARTS 1. Viewing	The teacher and student review all the criteria contained in the	Filmstrip-consult Film-your library
. Listening	2. Reading 3. Writing	social letter.	
. Finger dexterity	4. Vocabulary	Pass out the envelopes and stationary Have the students complete the	Stationary
. Verbal language	Ç	envelope first. Reinforce spacing of the information and neatness.	edorena
. Spatial relations	1. Social living	Find something encouraging to say	Pen
		It may take many tries before the	Spelling text
	3. Interpreting directions	student successfully completes this task.	
	4. Adapting to		
	environment	After the student has completed his letter, place the student's letter	
		on the overhead for revisions and corrections. Find something compil-	
		mentary to say first.	
		Present a test based on the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	•
			WRITING SOCIAL LETTERS JUNIOR HIGH 264



7. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

THE STUDENT SHOULD SHOW AN AWARENESS OF HIS RIGHTS, PRIVILEGES AND RESPONSIBILITIES AS AN ACTIVE MEMBER OF THE HOME, SCHOOL AND COMMUNITY.

Given a series of descriptions of elections at class, school, city, state and national levels and a list containing the names of these levels, the student will match a minimum of four names with their appropriate description.

MAUNICATIVE AND NCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
. Social living	LANGUAGE ARTS	The teacher and student discuss the meaning of elections	Field trips to campaign
	vocabulary	such as:	headquarters
. Visualization	oral language	a. class elections	•
	reading	b. student body elections	Files
. Oral language	interpretation	c, city elections	•
	listening	d. state elections	Finstrips
. Reactions to		d. national elections	•
	SOCIAL STUDIES		Outside speakers
•	citizenship		
. Reactions to	group dynamics	election-from interested individuals or groups and from	Newspapers
	community re-	government agencies.	•
•	lationship		Magazines
	•	Arrange interesting bulletin boards on current school,	
	VOCATIONAL	community, state or national elections.	Election material
	RELATED AREAS		•
	adapting to	Make a list of things you can do to cooperate with	Student-made materials
	environment	school, city, state and national officials.	
	persona1		
	adequacy	Encourage participation by getting student involved	
	manual dexterity	(writing campaign slogans, construct poster).	



THE STUDENT SHOULD SHOW AN AWARENESS OF HIS RIGHTS, PRIVILEGES AND RESPONSIBILITIES AS AN ACTIVE MEMBER OF THE HOME, SCHOOL AND COMMUNITY. 7. CENERAL OBJECTIVE:

demonstrate its use. To be considered acceptable, the ballot must not be voided by improper recording of his choices by the student's. Given instruction in the use of a paper ballot and given a sample ballot, the student will BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Social living	LANGUAGE ARTS	The teacher and student discuss the word "vote"	fampie ballots
	oral language		
2. Verbal ability	writing	b. county voting	Student speakers
	imagination	c. state voting	•
3. Visualization	vocabulary	d. national voting	
***************************************	spelling		Films- library catalogues
4. Adaptability	interpretation	Let each student see samples of ballots.	•
•	•	Encourage them to construct original ballots.	Student made materials
5. Manual dexterity	SOCIAL STUDIES		
	citizenship	Encourage students who are campaigning for offices to	Voting machine (obtaine
	school, home,	speak before your classes.	from Junior Chamber of
	community		Commerce)
	awareness	Your students may want to give campaign speeches; if so	
-	current events	try some speech work in this area.	
	state, national		
***************************************	international	Arrange to show students the manual operation of a	•
	involvement	voting machine. They may be able to construct a crude	
		model.	
	VOCATIONAL		
	RELATED AREAS	Present a test as stated in the BENAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	
	mechanica1		
	comprehension		
	personal		
	adequacy		
•	social living		

THE STUDENT SHOULD SHOW AN AWARENESS OF HIS RIGHTS, PRIVILEGES AND RESPONSIBILITIES AS AN ACTIVE MEMBER OF THE HOME, SCHOOL, AND COMMUNITY. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

Given a list of twenty activities carried on in the home, the student selects five and names the TERMINAL BEHAVIOR: member of the family responsible for each.

	MATERIALS					,		والمراجعة المستحدد المراجعة
יין ירט לכיות במיד ביי ביי ביי ביי ביי ביי ביי ביי ביי ב	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Emphasize duties and responsibilities of each family member.	Encourage students to talk about family situations in order to show a variety of family patterns.	Develop word lists of names of family members for reading and spelling. Use these names in simple sentences.	Dramatize incidents of family living, especially those emphasizing participation of the entire family.	Write about ways in which members of the family can help each other.	Show films of family life situations.	
member of the remark the foresters	SUBJECT AREA	SOCIAL STUDIES	RELATED AREAS Home economics English	·				
	COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Responsibility	2. Sibling re- lationship	3. Emotional security 4. Self-confidence				

THE STUDENT SHOULD SHOW AN AWARENESS OF HIS ALCHES, PAINTLEGES AND RESPONSIBILITIES AS AN ACTIVE NEARER OF THE HOLE, SCHOOL AND COMPANIEY. ERIC Political Position (1986)

TERMINIAL BEHAV

MATERIALS	"citizenship". Films - available in sc of	traits. (Since (catalogues)	<u></u>	particular Pamphlets	a v Alla in human	Magazines	•		iis project.	material	, mrete		these symbols,		eir			•					-		CITIZENSHIP-SYMBOLS	JUNIOR HIGH
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	The teacher and student discuss the word "cit	Together they compile a list of desirable tra	he traits are abstr	e specific situations describing that			List symbols of citizenship such as Flag, eagle.	•	Let each child choose a symbol and research his	Arrange with the librarian so that books, pamphlets, film-			Encourage creative art or dramatization of th		Ask the students to find poems relating to their	symbol,										
SUEJECT 233A	LANGUAGE ARTS	recognition and	nsuage	See.	research ability	creativity	perception		SOCIAL STUDIES	personal rela-		home and com-	munity relation-	ships		VOCATIONAL	social accept-	personal ade-	quacy	adaptation to	environment			 Starte, venter		
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Social living	2. Visualization	**************************************	3. Motivation	T. Walter	4. Adaptability	•	5. Verbal language	in a s _{ee} erivering department			*****	the state of the s							,		de de la companya de				

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THE STUDENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR GROUP-ASSIGNED TASKS AND EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY. 8. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Criven a series of 15 situations which involve school regulations and given the school regulations, the student will match at least 11 situations to their appropriate illustrated regulation.

~	. .	***	Property and	-							
MATERIALS	School policy handbook	Student council speake 3									
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Teacher and student discuss policy.	The teacher and student read the handbook.	Allow student questions and discussion concerning policies.	Make sure teacher is familiar and understands policies. Re prepared for explanation.	Present test based on the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE						
SUBJECT AREA	LANGUAGE ARTS		j. Perception 4. Oral language	SOCIAL STUDIES 1. Citizenship	his environ-	3. Group dynamics	VOCATIONAL RELATED AREAS 1. Personal ade-	quacy 2. Social	acceptance 3. Adaptability	V Accessor	
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Social living	2. Verbal ability	3. Visualization	4. Motivation	5. Adaptaoliity 6. Reactions to	superiors	7. Reactions to peers				

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8. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDIENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR CROUP-ASSIGNED TASES AND GENERAL OBJECTIVE: EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY.

Onven a set of five pictures involving cooperation within group activities, the student identifies the individuals who are participating in a cooperative activity and will identify the activity BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

in a minimum of four pictures.

, ,	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
LANGUACE ARTS Oral language	ARTS	The student and teacher discuss words such as "responsibility, dependability, perseverance" in	Magazines
Organization of work	ton of	relation to the individual and to the group.	newspapers
Vocabulary usage Listening	y usage	The student relates personal examples and Situations there he is involved in group activity.	Himstrips - available from
Viewing		The discussions can be related to current events and	Teacher-student constructed materials
SOCIAL STUDIES Current events	monts	to social living as well as we williamed in group situations. Examples:	Tape recorder
Responsibility	114	a. What teacher expects from student. b. What school expects.	
VOCATIONAL BETATED AR	EAS	c. What commity expects.	
Job requirement	Hent.	e. What peers expect.	•
Work responsibility	• •	Discuss the values of a task well done. Tape recorder discussion.	
		The teacher and student discuss the work "cooperation" and compose a list of synonyme.	
		Each student brings in a picture showing cooperative effort. If you have material available, permit the students to cut and label it in class.	
		Present a test based on the HEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	,

THE STORY SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR GROUP-ASSIGNED TASKS AND EXHIBITE APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: Tr

Ohven a set of five pictures involving cooperation within group activities, the student identifies the individuals who are participating in a cooperative activity and will identify the activity BEHAVIORAL ORIECTIVE:

in a minimum of four pictures. TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

MATERIALS	Magazines	Newspapers	Filmstrips - available from	Teacher-student constructed materials	Tape recorder		,				
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY		"responsibility, dependability, perseverance" an relation to the individual and to the group.	The student relates personal examples and situations where he is involved in group activity.	The discussions can be related to current events and to social living as well as the individual in group	situations. Examples:	a. What teacher expects from student. b. What school expects.	d. What home expects.	Discussion.	The teacher and student discuss the work "cooperation" and compose a list of synonyms.	Each student brings in a picture showing cooperative effort. If you have material available, permit the students to cut and label it in class.	Present a test based on the EEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES
SUBJECT AREA	LANGUAGE AKES	Oral language Organization of	work Vocabulary usage Listening	Viewing SOCTAL STUDIES	Current events	Responsibility	VOCATIONAL RELATED AREAS	Job requirement Work responsi- bility			
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	Social living			4. Interpersonal relations	5: Adaptability	6. Reactions to	7. Reactions to peers	8. Dependability			
	-	N	67		-10 A	~	• -				

GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT SHOULD DENONSTRATE AN AMARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-ASSUMED OR ARMAND TASKS AND SHOULD EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY. 8. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

X	SKHAVILKAS, UKI BULLVES			
	PERMINAL BEHAVIOR:	the student chooses	urven a 11st of twenty frequently performed tacks (washing black board, lettering, stenciling, etc.), the student chooses the one he feels capable of completing and he completes the task.	ring, stenciling, ec.).
[8E	COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
•	Motivation	SOCIAL STUDIES	<u> </u>	Terober and Studens
2.	Persistence	RELATED AREAS	examination of the student along with teacher examines what is to be done,	Constructed Materials,
ë.	Perserverence	tetion	**************************************	ÿ.
·1	Self-endurance		can keep a check of each other's projects.	
'n	Dependability			
•	Responsibility		Use rewards (monetary, candy) for jobs well done.	

This will encourage the students to work hard at tasks.



THE STUDENT SHOULD DEJONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR GROUP-ASSIGNED TASKS AND EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY. SENERAL OBJECTIVE:

When given a set of directions involving assembly of an item, the pupil follows the directions in a sequential order leading to completion of the given task. BEHAVIORAL ORJECTI

	A		
COMMUNICATIVE AND	SHRIPET AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
FUNCTIONAL SALES			
1 Cootal livino	LANGUAGE ARTS	Given an unassembled and an assembled article, the	Fieldtrips to a hobby shop
I. SOCIAL LIVING	reading	student successfully constructs the object.	
2. Visualization	vocabulary	Example: A square of wood and six pieces-can ne pullo	ende in
	oral language	a square?	Datterns
3. Adaptability	visual percep-	name inconity blocks, narterns, embroidery yarn	
	tion listaning	and other craft items may be used to aid the student	Puzzle books
4. Manual uexterity		In following directions.	4
	SOCIAL STUDIES		Films - consum your school
	following	-	Filmstrips-fibrarian
	directions	3	
	group dynamics	each student a graph. Call out the coordinates. In they follow the directions successfully they complete	
	VOCATIONAL	a picture.	
	RELATED AREAS		
	mechanica1	present a test based on the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	a Caracteria de
	comprehension		·
	adapting to his		
	environment		

SSUMED OR ASSIGNED	ĮĮ.	sroom (janitor's helper lowing criteria: promptne ty to complete a task	MATERIALS	Overhead projector	Movie projector	Slide projector	Mins	Filmstrips	Transnarencies			
	TASKS AND SHOULD EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY.	Given four work assignments, either inside the classroom or cutside the classroom (janifor's helper teacher's side, office worker), the student evaluates his work using the following criteria: promptne directionality, neathers, return of borrowed materials, initiative, and ability to complete a task.	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Instruct the students in developing positive work	habits through the use of illustrips, illustrips, transparencies.		Encourage student discussion on the value of positive	Work nables.	ACTIVITIES	Proquently assign the student individual tasks in which directions are given both orally and in writing.		Assign a job task to each student while observing him closely each day.
THE CTIMENT SHOILT	TASKS AND SHOULD E	Hven four work as teacher's aide, of	SUBJECT AREA	SOCIAL STUDIES	RELATED AREAS	1. Math	2. Biglish	3. Vocational	Orientation			
·	GENERAL OBJECTIVE:	TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:	COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Ability to follow	4		2. Responsibility	3. Persistence	4. Perserverence	5. Motivation	6. Self-endurance	
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8. GENERAL OBJECTIVE. THE STUDENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR GROUP-ASSIGNED TASKS
AND EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY.

BEHAVIORAL ORNECTIVE: Given 10 specific listings from the relica pages, the student will demonstrate his use of the yellow pages by locating a minimum of 8 listings, citing the page on which it appears.

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

•			
COMMUNICATIVE AND	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Social living	LANGUAGE AFTS	The teacher and student discuss the value of knowing	Telephone Book
	. Reading	how to use the reliew pages.	
2. Self-motivation	2. Vocabulary		
	3. Oral language	A suggestion is to present the student with some data	
3. Adaptebility	4. Alphabetizing	to look up. This lets the teacher know how much or	
		how little the student knows. Proceed from there.	
4. Visualization	SOCIAL STUDIES		
	1. Adapting to	In most cases it is necessary to explain each	
5. Numerical ability	environment	classification,	
	2. Following		
6. Verbal ability	directions	The teacher must decide how detailed, depending on	
•		students involved.	
7. Manual dexterity	MATHEMATICS		
	1. Number sequence	e Specific units and projects for use in Social Studies	
8. Problem-solving		could result from such an objective.	,
•	VOCATIONAL RELATED		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Present a test based on the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES.

relationships

1. Personal adequacy
2. Community

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8. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT

THE STUDIENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR GROUF-ASSIGNED TASKS AND EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY.

these stories, the student by using the title page will locate the page on which the story begins. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:Given material which contains a title page listing several stories and given the title of one of

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

MATERIALS		Filmstrips	Teacher-student	Constanted authorizate		Megazines (Scope)	(Doodows In oach)	(Section of the sect	Textbooks (Subject matter)	and the second		
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY			of Contents.	2	magazine they are all using. See Was can Indo une	page illst using black of concern.	If your group is nore advanced, you may want to discuss	outlining and organization of meterials.	Present a test using the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE			
SURLECT AREA		LANGUAGE ARTS	1. Verbal language	2. Listening 3. Vocabulary	4. Perception		1. Information	gathering	2. Interpreting directions	3. Adapting to	environment	
COMMUNICATIVE AND	FUNCTIONE OVER	1. Social Maring		2. Oral language	3. Adaptability		4. Finger dexterity	5. Visualization				

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8. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE

THE STUDENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR GROUP-ASSIGNED TASKS AND EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY.

REMANIONAL ORIECTIVE Given material which contains a title page listing several stories and given the title of one of the original than the title page will locate the page on which the story begins.

MATERIALS	45-46-89	Filmstrips	Teacher-student			Magazines (Scope)	(Doodone Monet.)		Textbooks (Subject matter)			
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY			of contents.	2	magazine they are all using. See who can Ind the	page first using the walls of cureass.	If your group is more advanced, you may want to discuss	outlining and organization of materials.	Present a test using the EEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE			
SHRIBET AREA	2010 201	LANGUAGE ARTS	1. Verbal language	3. Vocabulary	L. Perception	COCTAT SWITHES	1. Information	gathering	2. Interpreting directions	3. Adapting to	environment	
٠ س ١	FUNCTIONAL SALLAS	1. Social living	***	2. Orai Language	3. Adaptability		to ringer oakerty	5. Visualization				



THE STUDENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR GROUP-ASSIGNED TASKS AND EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY. 3. GENERAL ORIECTIVE

Given a printed paragraph which is void of capital letters, the student writes capital letters in the appropriate places. BEHAVIORAL ORIECTIVE:

MATERIALS	Films - consult library	edinerit.	Textbooks (Warner series)		Teacher constructed	Tracific Constructor	וושרבוזסו									·	-				نوار والدين المار الدين ا	
SHGGESTED METHODOLOGY	The teacher and pupil discuss the following rules for	capitalization;	a, beginning of sentences	b, proper names and titles of persons	c, names of places	d, days of the week	e. months of the year	f. holidays	g. the personal pronoun "I"	Have the students practice writing capital letters.	Have the students make up their own sentences or you	make up sentences that are related to everyday	experiences avoid "sterotype bookish" sentences.	Use familiar proper names and titles of persons and	of places-choose local places that are familiar to	the students.		the months of the year and holidays.	present students with sentences where the I has been	omitted - let them fill the I in the proper space.	Present a test based upon the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	
ASOA SOCIOUS	LANGUAGE ARTS	verbal language	listening	vocabulary	spelling	capitalization	•			.4								**************************************		·		
	FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	0	al language		3. Adaptability		/ Dercention		s thoop dexter-		×.											

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THE STUDENT SHOULD DEPONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR GROUP -ASSIGNED TASKS AND EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY. CENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: CHyen ten complete sentences and five sertence fragments in written form placed in random order, the student distinguishes between them by placing an S by the complete sentence and SF by the fragment.

SUBJECT AREA SUCCESTED METHODOLOGY	LANGUAGE ARTS The teacher and student discuss the parts composing a complete sentence. If you are familiar with the vocabulary The Roberts Series (Linguistics) Indiamental outline. Teacher-constructed materials	reading Use sentence examples that are related to the students experiences avoid "bookish, formal sentences".	Depending on the success of the Linguistic approach, you can begin crude creative writing, based on sentence patterns. Make use of the overhead projector.	Present a test as stated in the EEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.
SUBJECT AREA	RTS	Language	<u> </u>	Ď.
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	Adaptability Visualization	. Perception . Oral language		

MARINESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR GROUP-ASSIGNED	OR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY.
THE STUDENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF	TASKS AND EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VA
R. CENERAL ORIEGTIVE.	11 TO 21 TO 11 TO

	disease and sach of the four	sch paragraph: bazard	2100	MATERIALS
	RAL OBJECTIVE: After viewing the four filmstrips on Marijuana, alcohol, tobacco and venereal disease and participating in class discussions, the student will compose a paragraph for each of the four	topics viewed and discussed, citing at least two of the following points in each paragraph: Dazard	to health, social implication, vocational implication, procedures for remediation.	SHCGESTED METHODOLOGY
THE PARTY AND THE PARTY OF THE	After viewing the participating in	topics viewed and	to health, social	ADDA TOCTOTO
	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE	•		COMMUNICATIVE AND

es for ramediation	MATERIALS			Hoopbar-ocnotan		Macerial	- 	iurther Library	•	students	at in	dents		he students	providing	m various	· ·
to health, social implication, vocational implication, procedures for remediation.	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	The teacher and student discuss each of the four topics	citing:	hazards to health	social implication	vocational implication		The students may be divided into groups for further	research into these areas.	Pre-arrange with the librarian time for the students	to work on their projects. She will also aid in	selecting materials for the level of the students	invoyled.	A preliminary assignment might be teaching the Students	fact from opinion. A method to use would be providing	the student practice in extracting facts from various	
to health, social	SUBJECT AREA	LANGUAGE ARTS	eral language	discussion tech-	niques	reading	writing	viewing	spelling		SOCIAL STUDIES	information	gathering	following direc-	tions	adapting to	0
	COMMUNICATIVE AND	1. Social living		2. Relations to peers	dag de de la companya	3. Relations to	superiors		h. Research techniques spelling		S. Verbalization		6. Adaptability				

A preliminary assignment might be vescining fact from opinion. A method to use would be providing the student practice in extracting facts from various kinds of material familiar to him such as:

baseball
boxscores
timutables
telephone books
recipes
advertising
Show student bow to use the Readers Guide, card catalog, and other references which might be helpful

responsibility

environment

If students desire they can formulate debate using

to them.

one of the topics as their proposition. You may have one group that might like to use debate form.

Present a test as stated in the REHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES.



GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

THE STUDENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR GROUP-ASSIGNED TASKS AND EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY.

Given a properly constructed news story, the student identifies the words, phrases, or sentences that tell who, what, when, why and how. BEHAVIORAL ORIECTIVI

MATERIALS	79. Overhead projector	News stories	Newspapers	Teacher-constructed material				•	
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	The teacher and student discuss, "What is a News story?"	Present each student with a newspaper. Clip the lead	中古	it in the paragraph.	If students can't read, use the overhead projector.	An entire newspaper unit could be presented.	Present a test as stated in the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.		
Subject area	LANGUAGE ARTS	listening	vocabulary writing	spelling	reguing	SOCIAL STUDIES adapting to	environment social adequacy	awareness of information	
COMPANICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Social living	2. Finger dexterity	3. Listening	4. Reaction to	peers	5. Adaptability	6. Verbal language	7. Visualization	

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THE STUDENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SELF-OR GROUP-ASSIGNED TASKS AND EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE OF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

Presented orally with a story and then given ten oral questions relating to story content the students will write correct answers to at least eight questions. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

CONSTRUCT OF THE AME			
FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Verbal ability	LANGUAGE ARTS	The teacher and student discuss the art of listening:	Films - consult your school
	oral language	What is efficient distending?	Filmscrips tracks trace the
z. Listening	vocabulary	What are purposes of listening?	Records
3. Emotional	writing	Why do we listen ineffectively?	Check sheets
scapility	SOCTAL STUDIES	Bad listening habits:	
4. Adaptability	sharing	a. faking attention	Transparencies
•	personal rela-		
5. Reaction of	tionships		
peers	group dynamics	d. rejecting a subject as uninteresting	
	citizenship		
		f. yfelding to distractions	
	VOCATIONAL		
	RELATED AREAS	Guides to good listening:	
	job requirements	a. hear the person out	•
	work responsi-	b. listen for ideas	
	bility	c. keep an open mind	
	cooperation	d. resist distractions	
	community		
	relationships	Together the students and teacher compile a list of	
		characteristics of good and poor listeners.	
		Conduct listening experiments such as reading short	
		excerpts from magazines or books and asking student	
		.•	
	iliver e		
		Present a test based on the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES.	,
			The second second



THE STUDENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR BELF-OR GROUP-ASSIGNED 8. GENERAL ORIECTIVE:

ARHAVIORAL ORIECTIVE: Upon hearing a four line limerick (a nonsense verse of 5 anapestic lines) of which the first, second and the third and fourth lines are two stress and rhyme, the TASKS AND EXHIBIT AN APPRECIATION FOR THE VALUE BF COOPERATIVE ACTIVITY.

student constructs a fifth line rhyming with the first and second. TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

MATERIALS	Teacher-constructed material Limericks (consult library) Poetry books Opaque projector Magazines	
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	The teacher and student discuss poetry. Often the mention of poetry brings a negative reaction. Attempt to create an enjoyable, creative, enthusiastic approach to peetry. Each student selects a poem of his own choosing from a literature book or from another source. Then the student finds a picture demonstrating the thought of the poem, either by creative art or an illustration from a magazine.	As the student's pictures are being shown to the class, perhaps by using the opaque projector, the student should give an oral interpretation of the poem, demonstrating a combined feeling for the poem and the picture. Present and read to the students examples of limericks, explaining their form. Try writing one as a class. Present a test as stated in the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.
SUBJECT AREA	LANGUAGE ARES oral language listening viewing reading writing interpretation	
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Visualization 2. Verbal ability 3. Listening 4. Reaction to peers 5. Reaction to	saperiors 6. Research technique

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9. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT SHOULD BE ABLE TO FOLLOW ORAL AND WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS INVOLVING DIRECTION.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: When given a specific direction, i.e. north, south, right, left, and requested to identify the direction, the student responds orally or graphically by correctly indicating the specific direction.

BEHAVIOR:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Social living	LANGUAGE ARTS	The teacher and student construct a	Teacher-student
	4. Verbalization	compass, a sun dial and a map.	constructed
2. Finger dexterity	Z. Vocabulary		maps
	3. Writing	The student could construct a school	
3. Verbal language	A. Vision	map using his classroom as the point of	Paper
	· perception	reference.	•
4. Spatial relations	•		Penci1
	6. Listening	Using the constructed maps the student	•
	•.	responds to directionality of specific	Crayons or
	SOCIAL STUDIES		maoir markere
	1. Fallowing		011411111111111111111111111111111111111
	directions	Blend-fold a student and give him	Magnet
	2. Personal	directions such as: walk two paces	•
	ndequacy	South, turn toward the East and walk	String
	•	five paces, etc.	
	MATERIATICS		Stick and
	1. Measurement	Have students ask each other oral	circle (sun
	2. Positive and	directions (using the room as reference	dial)
	negative	point) to locate various school areas.	
	3. Numbers		
		Present a test based on the BEHAVIORAL	
	RELATED APAS 1. Job requirements 2. Percention	OBJECTIVE.	

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THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS. 10 GENERAL OBJECTIVE: Given a list of twenty randomly selected numbers the student places them in numerical sequence. ii.

10. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS.

Given a list of twenty randomly selected numbers the student places them in numerical sequence, BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE;

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
		h. Instruct them to reading and writing fractions 3/4, 1/2, 1/4, 1/3 of the whole and the group.	•
		Progress student (at his own rate) from reading numbers to writing the numbers. Teach spelling of numbers from one to twenty.	
		Teach grouping numbers (even numbers, odd numbers).	
		Make use of city maps by having students locate streets and writing out the names of streets using words.	
		If needed have student practice formation of numbers.	
		Practice writing street number repeatedly (this may be done through addressing envelopes).	
		FIELD TRIPS AND PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS Visit a department store; or have an inventory person speak with the class on keeping inventory in department stores.	
		Have students keep inventory list of tools, supplies, books, etc. in the classroom.	
			,

THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a list of mathematical symbols and a list containing the names of these symbols written in random order the student will identify the symbol and match the name of the symbol with the corresponding symbol. TERMINAL BEHAVIOR: 10 GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SURJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
יי ו	MATHEMAT		
2. Ability to fo	fo1-	Commence by reviewing the four basic fundamentals of arithmetic, stressing the signs used with the problems.	Charts, pictures showing.
low directs	AS RELATION AREAS		
using symbols	raemining (%)	Through association have students match and identify	Workbooks
	SOCIAL STUDIES	signs by associating them with their own terminology	
3. Ability to fo	tol-	(i.e. take-a-way = minus).	Flash cards
John Welffen	VOCATIONAL		
alrect Lens	OKIENIATION	Expose Students consistently to problems which give them	
4. Numerical		Angre man Gurranta in agrand	
ed lity	-		
	V-spyld	Symbol flash cards	
		Charts	
	M harman		
	evening.		
	p./2		

	-		
			•
			MATH SYMBOLS
			JUNIOR HIGH 47
の ・・・・・ C で た 受情を通信的で USEC Live Co. L	4		



THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS.

BEHAVIORAL ORJECTIVE: Given a prepared sheet of twenty problems in addition and subtraction in which the answers are given but the operational symbols are missing the student will name the problem and place the correct sign before it. TERMINAL BEHAVIOR: CENERAL OBJECTIVE:

185 285	COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
ı.i	1 1900	HATHEMATICS	DISCUSSION	"Addo-aríthmetic" game
	low oral and written instruct		using an arithmetic of math workbook of worksheets, give problems in both addition and subtraction which require	Flash cards
		RELATED AREAS	reasoning for determing procedure for working given problems. Mix problems making certain student has to reason	Matrix chart
2.	Visualization	VOCATIONAL ORTENTATION		"My Workbook in Arithmetic"
es.	Numerical ability	SOCIAL STUDIES	Stress problems involving simple budgeting; banking, measuring, and computing prices from catalogs.	Chart tablets with drawings
4.	Reasoning ability		Work sheets or workbooks are essential in this area in building the weak points in the individual child. Strict ourdance and instruction is recommended.	of math symbols in Strict Flannel Board and materials
'n	Perceptual speed and accuracy		kamples of additi s whose sums are	
•	Kanual		Review carrying in a problem with 2, 3, or 4 columns.	•
	dexterity		Review minuends of 5, 6, or 7 numbers.	
7.	Group-peer relations		ACTIVITIES In small group situations utilize games and visual aids listed in the materials section.	
				,
				•
				MATH SYMBOLS
				JUNIOR HIGH



THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF PUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS. O GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

Given a prepared sheet of five money problems, the student will read and solve the problems. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

HATERIALS	Real Money	Books	Money Makes Sense	Dollars and Sense	Field Trips	Supermarket	Department Store	"Pay the Cashier"	"Educational Toy Money"		·	- Constitution of the Cons					•	•	SKELEURG ABOUR	
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY		Review counting money and making small change. Teach money values. In a very simplifies approach, discuss	other problems involving economy	To give practice in working money problems and reading	money problems, use the texts, Money Makes Sense and			ACTIVITIES	Utilize games geared toward counting money. Play the	ho's on the Green Back." Pla	ping trip to the supermarket or department store.									
SUBJECT AREA	MATHEMATICS		RELATED AREAS	SOCIAL STUDIES		VOCATIONAL	ORIENTATION													
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Reading ability	2. Mechanical	comprehension	3. Numerical		•	4. Ability to fol- low written in-	structions							•					

JUNIOR HIGH

REMANIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a lunch menu showing the cost of each item listed from two different restaurants, the student will make a cost comparison of two lunches. 10. GENERAL ORIECTIVE: THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS.

	MATERIALS	Menus	Chart tablets			n de la constanta de la consta					, and the second of the		•	COST COMPARISON	JUMOR HICH
	SUCCESTED METHODOLOGY	ard the		Make a vocabulary listing of foods unfamiliar to the student.	Discuss procedure for ordering foods from menus.	Have student compute prices of selected menus and make				· ·		,			
	SURJECT AREA	MATHEMATICS	RELATED AREAS	VOCATIONAL	SOCIAL STUDIES	ENGLISH	HOME BOONOMICS		,						
HINE BERNATON	MUNICATIVE AND	1. Reading ability	Mechanical comprehension	Visualization	Numerical ability	Ability to fol-	low written and oral instruc-				,				
到	18	.;	3.	'n	†	د									

THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS. 10 GENERAL OBJECTIVE: Given twenty multiplication problems with a three-digit factor and a two-digit factor, the student will solve each. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

 MATERIALS	Flash cards Multo-arithmetic Game	Book "My Workbook in Arithmetfe"							•	MULTIPLYING 2 AND 3 DIGITS
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Instruct student toward mastering combinations to 9×9 .	Give examples without carrying, limited to one-digit multipliers and two-digit multiplicands.	Make use of exercises in workbooks.	VISUAL AIDS Multiplication combinations (flash cards)						
SUBJECT AREA	MATHEMATICS	RELATED AREAS	VOCATIONAL ORIENTATION	SOCIAL STUDIES						
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	Ability to fol-		Visualization	Numerical ability	Reasoning ability	Perceptual speed and accuracy	Manual dexterity	Group-peer relations		
18			5	က်	4.	'n	•	7.		

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THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS. 10. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

Given twenty division problems with one digit divisors and two digit dividends, the student will solve each problem. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Ability to follow oral and written instruc-	MATHEMATICS	DISCUSSION Provide examples having one digit divisor and two digit dividends, no carrying.	Flash cards Chart tablets
tions 2. Visualization	VOCATIONAL	• 8.1	Books "My Workbook in Arithmetic",
Numerical ability	ORIENTATION SOCIAL STUDIES	Provide examples involving carrying, limited to one digit divisor and three digit quotients with and without remainders.	Part II "Exercise in Long Division"
4. Reasoning ability		Zeros in two and three digit quotients with and without remainders.	
5. Perceptual		All work done by long division form.	
speed and accuracy		Zeros in dividends,	
6. Manual		Examples with and without remainders.	
dexterity		Three digit divisors.	
7. Peer-group relations		Short division.	
		Check.	
		VISUAL AIDS Division Plash Cards Charts indicating division combinations	

2 AND 3 DIGIT DIVISORS

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THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS. 10. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

Given a prepared sheet of twenty simple fractions in addition and subtraction, the student will solve each problem. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

FUNCTIONAL'SKILLS SUBJECT AREA L. Ability to fol- low oral and written instruct Lions Written instruct RELATED AREAS Commence with proposition SOCIAL STUDIES Wove to the one ability ORIENTATION Reasoning ACTIVITIES Manual WATHEMETICS Instruct studen In both addition Commence with proposition Commence with proposition Wove to the one the least common describing Gradually move speed and accuracy ACTIVITIES Manual Mexterity Use the flannel	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Ath simple fractions	Flannel Board and roblems that do not require finding the fraction parts	nominator.	Move to the ones involving the operations of finding as Pie" the least common denominator.	Gradually move to reducing fractions.	Show and emphasize use of fractional parts in telling Matrix chart time.	Fractional flash cards	d divide these circles into fractions.	Use the flannel board with the fractional parts and	emonetrate whole and fractional parts.	have students demonstrate whole and fractional parts.
ation SOCIAL STUDIES VOCATIONAL ORIENTATION G V V V V V V V V V V V V	DISCUSSION Instruct student toward working W in both addition and subtraction.		Commence with problems that	least common denominator.	Move to the ones involving the the least common denominator.	duaily move to reduc	w and emphasize use le.	TVITIES	Draw circles and divide these	the flannel board	אב פרחתפוורס חפווסודי	
Ability to fol- low oxal and written instruc- tions Visualization Numerical ability Reasoning ability Perceptual speed and accuracy Manual dexterity Peer-group relations	SUMBERT FIRES	nagin kenye - endinantikan astronet en		nga: Natury arteforár	nakusukt nakusunakugnik rindiku	8	Sh	₽ V	A	US		انسي
	CTIONAL' SKILLS	prod.		Visualization		Reasoning	Perceptual	speed and accuracy	Manual	dexterity	Peer-group relations	

10. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL NATHEMATICS.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a prepared sheet of ten line segments and a foot ruler, the student will measure the length of each line segment.

COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Mechanical Comprehension	MATHEMATICS	Instruct student in the use and reading of the foot ruler.	Foot rulers
2. Visualization	RELATED AREAS	Practice drawing lines using the foot ruler.	Demonstration ruler
3. Ability to fol- low oral and written instruc- tions	SOCIAL STUDIES VOCATIONAL ORIENTATION	Have student measure line segments (these may be line segments taken from concrete objects located in or out of the classroom).	caraboara ruler Construction paper
4. Oral Communica- tion		VISUAL AIDS Charts Demonstration ruler	
		ACTIVITIES Take field trip around campus, identify line segments and have student measure them.	·
			MEASURING LINE SECHENTS
e de de mer e			

THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS. 10. CENERAL CRIECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL ORIECTIVE: Given ten concrete objects, the student will measure the objects and express them in three categories: feet, yards, and inches.

TOWN THE PROPERTY OF	The state of the s			
COMMUNICATIVE FUNCTIONAL"	ATIVE AND AL'SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Mechanical	al	MATHEMATICS	Instruct student in the use of the following measure-	Yardsticks
2. Visualization	ation	RELATED AREAS	student to	Rulers
		OCTATE CHIMITES		Demonstration ruler
s. Ability to 101- low oral and	and	Section 15 in the section of the sec	4	Cardboard ruler
written tions	written instructions	VOCATIONAL ORIENTATION	revide models representative of each unit of measurement allowing student to use and see whenever necessary.	One Square Yard (by ideal
4. Oral com	communica-		Construct charts.	Overhead projector
			Use demonstration ruler.	Opaque projector
			ACTIVITIES Have student measure objects in his environment, utilizating at least two of the measurement units discussed. Latthis be done as a group activity.	
			Take field trips around campus and let students select and measure objects of their choice.	
				MEASURING OBJECTS
	_			JUNIOR HIGH

Given a prepared sheet of ten geometric shapes, the student will circle and write the names for the geometric shapes depicting the square, triangle, rectangle, and circle. 10. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS.

18	COMMUNICATIVE AND FINCTIONAL'S SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
2.	Visualization Mechanical comprehension	MATHEMATICS	Expose student to forms by presenting models of each form to be discussed with the student. Make sure models are large; allowing for student to feel as well as see the difference in each model.	Transparencies circle square triangle rectangle
ų 4	Perceptual speed and accuracy Manual dexterity		VISUAL AIDS Make extensive use of diagrams, charts, pictures, models of geometric shapes, slides of geometric shapes, films, filmstrips and overhead transparencies.	Overhead projector Model representing forms (student-teacher mede
છે છે	Eye-hand coordination Peer relation- ship	·	ACTIVITIES Have students make models using construction paper or wood (wood is more durable). Have students bring in objects or pictures representing the basic shapes (square, circle, triangle, rectangle).	"Geometric Figures and Solids" (by Milton Bradley) Flannel Board Flannel Geometric Shapes
	,		Make frequent use of games requiring matching shapes. A game of this nature can be made by the teacher or student i.e., "Shape Bingo." Collect pieces of old wood. Have them cut the wood into squares, triangles, rectangles and circles. Take sheets of styrofosm (as many as desired) and cut out grooves in which the wood forms can fit. Pattern styrofosm after the "bingo card" making sure the wood shapes fit correctly into the styrofosm. The game follows the same rules as regular bingo. Using the styrofosm and matching shapes, a variety of games can be played allowing student to match shapes, either by color or size. (Game recommended for developing eye-hand coordination. Work in small groups.)	Wood Styrofoam Construction paper
		المستون المستو	Same game may also be constructed with neavy paper.	

GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS.

Shown pint, quart, and gallon containers, the student will name each.

MATERIALS	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ideal Products	Dry measure	Liquid measure	Measuring cup	Measuring spoons	Jars or containers repre- senting each unit of meas-	urement, like baby bottle.	Overhead projector	Filmstrip	Films				LIQUID-DRY MEASURES	JUNIOR HIGH 57
SHCGESTED METHODOLOGY		DISCUSSION In the use of liquid and dry measure:	pint, quart, half-pint, gallon, half-gallon, cup, tea-	Spoon, cartespoon,	•	Make use of charts and diagrams showing the units of measurement for each of these.	Use models showing the measurement units.	Filmstrips or films on measurement.			measurement unit.	Give student an observation period in which the differences in the cup, pint, quart, and gallon can be found. This can be done by having student pour from one item to the next (i.e. 2 pints of water to fill the quart container, etc.).	Demonstrate how shapes of containers affect or mislead individuals. Use different shape bottles of the same content but put out by different companies. One good example would be household bleach.	Have students bake a cake or cookies to utilize their knowledge of units of measuring liquid and dry materials.		
	SUBJECT AREA	MATHEMATICS		KELATED AKEAS	VOCATIONAL	SOCIAL STUDIES										-
COPPUDICATIVE AND	FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	1. Visualization	itty	low written and oral instruc-	(A)	3. Mechanical comprehension	4. Oral communica-									,

THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A KNOWLEDGE OF FUNCTIONAL MATHEMATICS. 10. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

Given a balanced scale, the student will read the weights of five given objects in ounces and pounds. BEHAVIORAL ORJECTIVE:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Mechanical comprehension	MATHEMATICS	DISCUSSION Instruct student in the use of the balance scale and	(1
2. Visualization	RELATED AREAS	any other available scale. Teach student to abbreviate terms of measurement.	chart showing measurable parts in ounces and pounds.
3. Ability to follow oral and written instruc			Grocery bills or advertisement.
	SOCIAL STUDIES	nts, have and ounces	
	ENGLISH	pute unit price of each item they list.	
			•
•			
			,
	٠		WEIGHT MEASUREMENT

THE STUDIENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AMARENESS OF PROPILE AND AGENCIES AVAILABLE FOR HIS WELL-BEING, 11. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL ORIECTIVE.Given a list of twenty services rendered by governmental agencies connected to the school and a list of twenty agencies corresponding to the services listed, the student matches at least

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

fifteen of the services with the corresponding agency.

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SURJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
. Comprehension	SOCIAL STUDIES	Invite the school's guidance compelor and vocational	Field Trips
. Reading ability	RELATED AREAS	governmental agencies.	Pamphlets
1. Inter-personal relationships	VOCATIONAL ORIENTATION	Arrange for a visit to the Rehabilitation Center and other available centers in the community.	
		Show films of governmental agencies in other school districts.	
		Provide pamphlets and pictures demonstrating agency services available in the schools.	
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	-		
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			•

11. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDIENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF PEOPLE AND AGENCIES AVAILABLE FOR HIS WELL-BEING.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Civen a list of agencies located within the city pertinent to the students well-being (Social Security Office, Employment Office), the student will locate each of the agencies on a city map.

MATERIALS	Field Trips Poster Boards Charts	Pamphlets		JUNIOR HIGH 60
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	The teacher and students compile a list of services available to the student in his community. Discuss each agency regarding the services offered and the location of the office.	Visit the Chamber of Commerce for more detailed information regarding available services.	Refer to city maps for locations. Visit some of the agencies.	
SUBJECT AREA	SOCIAL STUDIES			
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Enowledge of community 2. Map reading	3. Directionality		

THE STUTENT SHOULD DEMONSTRATE AN AWARENESS OF PEOPLE AND AGENCIAS AVAILABLE FOR HIS WELL-BEING. 11. GENERAL ORJECTIVE: BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a train, bus, and/or aliplane schedule showing cities as well as arrival and departure times, the student will read, identify, and name the city, and write the time of arrival and departure from TERMINAL BEHAVIOR: one city to another of five cities called orally by the teacher.

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Visualization	SOCIAL STUDIES	The teacher and students review schedules: train, bus,	Schedules Bus
2. Mechanical	RELATED AREAS		Train
comprehension	VOCATIONAL	Use a map to plot the location of bus stops, terminals, and text stations.	City Maps
oral instructions		Use the opeque projector to instruct students in using	Telephone Directory
4. Reading ability		the yellow pages to locate telephone numbers and addresses of transportational facilities.	Pictures of available
			transportation in community

Enlarged schedules Opaque Projector Make a listing of evailable taxi services in the Arrange field trips to: Airport Terminal community.

Have the student collect pictures of available means of transportation in his immediate environment.

Train Terminal Bus Terminal

19

TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE

JUNIOR HIGH



THE STUDENT WILL DEMONSTRATE A FUNCTIONAL USE OF THE MEANS OF COMMUNICATION 1. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a list of 5 principle means of long distance communication* and a list of resources in which the history, structure, and means of operating for each is located, the student will compile a short report on at least 2, citis the history, means of operation, and functional use in today's world.

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
		3	
1. Oral language	SCIENCE	Films on the development of these forms of communication	
	1. Radio waves		catalogues
2. Visual percep-		Presentation of the history of the forms of transmitting	
tion	,	information and ideas.	"Alexander G. Bell"
3. Auditory percep-	4. Broadcasting	Power sources for these communicative means.	195 Broadway, N.Y., N.Y.
	visual stimuli		•
		Class discussion of the role these media play in our	sphone'
4. Memory	ENGLISH	every day lives.	Southern New Eng. Tele. C.
	1. Oral communi-		Public Relations Dept.,
5. Written language	catio	Pamphlets on the history of the means of communications	Church Street, New Haven,
	2. Writing	to be given to each student.	Conn.
	3. Research pro-		•
	cedures	Discussion of the impact on the growth of the U.S. of	"The Zenith Story",
* To be included in	4. Viewing for	these means of communication	Zenith Radio Corp.
en:			Public Relations Dept.,
			6001 W. Dickens Ave.
	SOCIAL STUDIES		Chicago, III.
	1. Impact of wire		
	1000		Materials available from
			Courtharn Roll Tolenhone
5. Radio	growth of Amer		southern bear actions and arraphore
	ica.		TUCTOUTUR FILE FETERTUCT
	2. Impact of tele		والمناسرين
•			
	More cybanson		
,	2 Commercial use		
	uoisineral io		
	In growth of		
	business		
			LUNG DISTANCE MEDIA
			SENIOR HIGH 1



THE STUDENT WILL DEMONSTRATE A FUNCTIONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEANS OF COMMUNICATION 1. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

Given a list of 8 forms* of written communication, and a cerresponding list describing the purpose of each form, which will be presented in ramdom order, the student will cerrectly match at lease 5. BEHAVIORAL ORJECTIVE:

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TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Listening		By the use of films and filmstrips, the teacher should	Films as listed in the
2. Writing	1. Writing 2. Typing	present the history of the various forms of communication. These should open the door for further investigation by	county
3. Reading	3. Written expres-	i be made	E mod
0			Southern Pulpwood Constiga- tion Association, 900
4. Perceptual dility	5. Vocabulary		reet,
5. Memory		Typing should be available as an elective course for each student. There should be at least one typewriter	Atlanta, Ga.
6. Nonverbal reason-8.	tion 8. Usage	available in the classroom for the student's use.	List of historical everts
ing		Select events in history that might have changed if wass	taken from any world his-
	SOCIAL STUDIES	means of communication, such as the newspaper and tele-	been changed with better
/ Verbalization	involving written	graph, had been already invented. i.e. Hannibal over the Alns.	communication.
8. Judgement	communication		"Bill of Dight " II G
	2. Functioning of	Review the various forms of letter writing both social	Constitution
	<i>a</i> 1	and business. Allow the students to write at least one	
e included in		of each type showing the correct form.	Chart showing the various
VIORAL OB-			forms of letter writing.
CTIVE:		Discuss the impact of the newspaper and long distance	
• Letter	5. History of the	telegraph on the development of America.	Telegraph forms.
. Post card	written word and		•
4. Newspaper	development of man	Review the forms of written expression, essay, poem	Guest speakers.
Magazines	6. Importance of		
. Pamphlets	the right of free	Present a chart showing the routing of a letter. Discuss	sustem routing of a latter
7. Books	expression of ideas	service and	total a rectangue a rectangue
8. Bulletins			
		Discussion of the right of FREE SPEECH and its relation to expression of ideas.	•
		Invite speakers from newspapers, magazines, and tele-	WRITTEN COMMUNICATION
		•	SENIOR HIGH

1



THE STUDENT WILL DEMONSTRATE A FUNCTIONAL USE OF THE MEANS OF COMMUNICATION GENERAL OBJECTIVE: T

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:	Given a list of pote student will obtain	ential work positions and the names of the people to cont an appointment and write a letter eighn a resume of his	contact for an appointment, the
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Written express- ions	ENGLISH 1. Business letter	Review the various forms of business letters.	Chart showing each point of the resume and an
2. Typing		Discuss the points to be inc. prospective employer: name,	each point,
3. Handwriting	4. Word usage 5. Listening	lences, abilities, desire for work, and references.	Charts of the various for sof letter writing.
4. Perception	ation over the	and then the teacher should exchange the papers and see	situations
5. Judgement		רווב ארתתבוור אוזס אוחרם	thouving the interview as a the resume'
6. Memory	SOCIAL STUDIES 1. Social and bus-	Role-play an interview based on a previously received	
7. Oral communicat-	iness respons- ibilities	resume.	
ion	2. Importance of seeking and ob-	Discuss the importance of the resume and the interview.	·
8. Verbalization	taining work	Review the procedure for seeking an appointment for an interview.	
	occupational ED. 1. Job seeking 2. Applications	Discuss appearance and punctuality as related to job interviews.	
•	3. Punctuality 4. Honesty in stating ability and experience	Present the list of work positions and names of people to contact; contact the person and write the resume'.	
			•
			RESUMES
			SENIOR HIGH 3

THE STUDENT WILL DEMONSTRATE THE ABILITY TO COMPLETE ESSENTIAL FORMS AND APPLICATIONS NECESSARY TO OUR 2. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

DATA-ORIENTATED SOCIETY. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

Given a list of conditions determining personal income, number of dependents, and domicile and given an instruction book for federal income tax covering form-selection, the student will determine the appropriate tax form to use for the stated conditions.

MATERIALS	the proper tax instruction booklets. determine Tay forms for filling		uations				
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Develop vocabulary lists for terms relating to the completion of the tax forms and the selection of the propertorms to use. Discussion of conditions which determine	iorm selection and location of key construction instruction booklet.	Student is given a series of hypothetical situations which necessitate the use of different forms.				
SUBJECT AREA	ENGLISH	SOCIAL STUDIES	VOCATIONAL RELATED AREAS				
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Vocabulary 2. Task completion 3. Oral communicat-	ion 4. Written communi-	cation 5. Judgement				

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THE STUDENT WILL DEMONSTRATE THE ABILITY TO COMPLETE ESSENTIAL FORMS AND APPLICATIONS NECESSARY TO OUR 2. GENERAL OBJECTIVE

Given federal and state income tax short forms and an instruction book for each, the student will legibly place all pertinent information in the appropriate spaces and address envelopes to the DATA ORIENTATED SOCIETY. BEHAVIORAL ORJECTIVE:

closest Internal Revenue office as stated in the instruction books.

COMMUNICATIVE AND		SHOUSTEN WETHONOLOGY	MATERIALS
FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AKEA		
1. Oral communication ion 2. Information gath-	ENGLISH	Discussion of the short forms used for filing income tax and the personal data required to complete the forms.	Federal and State instruction books and short form for
ering 3. Written communications 4. Numerical ability	SOCIAL STUDIES	Students locate with teachers help the important directions in the instruction book necessary for completion of the short form.	
		Teacher prepared work sheets stating income, dependents, and domicile for which the student will calculate the income tax.	
		Students practice completion of short forms using the instruction booklet and practice calculation sheets.	
			•
•			
			TAX FILING (3 lessons)
			SENIOR HIGH 5

THE STUDENT WILL DEMONSTRATE FUNCTIONAL ARITHMETIC SKILLS NECESSARY TO PRACTICAL LIVING IN OUR SOCIETY 3. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: T

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

Given a statement covering pay rates for straight time overtime, and shift work and given a set of conditions covering these, the number of hours worked, and deductions made, the student will calculate his gross pay and take-home pay.

	MATERIALS		SENIOR HIGH
	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	The teacher and student discuss the meaning of straight time, overtime and deductions. Present each student with a sample of a pay check listing gross pay, insurance, etc., and explain the operation of each of the parts. Divide the students into groups of 4 (attempt to balance the individuals), present each group with a statement containing actual number of hours worked, (40) how many are overtime (20) and give each group a specific (number) of deductions and have the students calculate the gross pay and take-home pay. Make sure you have answer sheets for each statement which the group can use in checking.	
•	SUBJECT AREA	ARITHMETIC ENGLISH SOCIAL STUDIES	
	COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Arithmetic skills 2. Oral communication 3. Written communication 4. Group dynamics 5. Numerical ability 6. Judgement	

THE STUDENT WILL DEMONSTRATE FUNCTIONAL ARITHMETIC SKILLS NECESSARY TO PRACTICAL LIVING IN OUR SOCIETY. 3. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

Given a premium notice containing a statement of weekly, monthly, semi-annual and annual premiums for a stated amount of insurance, the student will calculate the total yearly cost for each method of payment and determine which method best enables him to reduce his total insurance cost.

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
	ARITHMETIC	Discussion of different methods used for payment of life insurance.	Copies of insurance policies.
2.Oral communication 3.Written communication	SOCIAL STUDIES	Develop vocabulary lists with definitions of terms involving payment of premiums.	reacher-prepared worksheers.
4.Judgement 5.Vocabulary 6.Adaptability	ENGLISH	Develop charts showing the cost of a policy when paid for by different methods and time periods, such as weekly vs annually.	
		Individual worksheets involving the calculation of policy costs for different premium payments.	
		Calculate late charges for overdue payments.	
		la de la companya de	•
			PREMIUM PAYMENTS SENIOR HIGH 7

THE STUDENT WILL EXHIBIT A FUNCTIONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE TECHNIQUES OF SEEKING AND HOLDING A JOB.

Given a list of on-campus work positions, the name of the person to contact for an interview, and an application blank*, the student will select a job and apply for it by filling out the application blank completely and going for an interview. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: 4. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Perceptual accu-	OCCUPATIONAL	The teacher should construct a listing of available work	List of work positions
racy	EDUCATION	positions around the school and contact those people in-	,
2. Reading compre-	1. Mechanical com-	volved to establish the criteria for obtaining the job.	Application forms
hension	petencies		
3, Oral and written		The students should have an opportunity to fill out app-	Contract forms
communication	ation	lication blanks prior to actual application for a job.	
4. Verbal ability	3.Worker respons-	Use transparencies to show how to fill in the blanks.	Overhead projector and
5. Judgement	1bilities		transparencies of appli-
		Students list what they think are important points of the	cation forms
needed for the	ENGLISH	the	
job area	1.Reading for		Transparencies showing the
	Information		stabilization of communi-
	2.Reading for	Formulate or use standard contract forms used in a	ties by their providing
* Included in the	directions or com-	variety of jobs. Discuss importance of contracts and	work, services, and aid to
given application	prehension	their value to both employer and employee.	citizens.
blank should be:	3.Oral and written		
	communication	Discussion of community responsibility toward itself	
Studen	4.Vocabulary	and people within it to establish and maintain work	
3, Class teacher's	5.Application	positions for its citizens.	
ពងិយាទ	blanks		
4. Home room number	6. Interviews	Role-playing situations in which the students portray	
5.Position applying		the interviewer and interviewee. Stress should be	
for	SOCIAL STUDIES	placed on proper posture and appearance during the	Role-playing situations
6. Previous experi-	experi- dl.Self-confidence	interview.	base on interviews and
ence	2.Interpersonal		students reaction to ap-
7. Feriods available	relationships		plying for a work position.
for work	3. Community res-		
8.References, if	ponsibilities for		•
available, from	creating work.		
others in the			• ,
school for whom			
the student worked			
			JOB APPLICATIONS

THE STUDENT WILL EXHIBIT A FUNCTIONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE TECHNIQUES FOR SEEKING AND HOLDING A JOB. 4. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

from their description are possibily on his interest and /or willity level, the student will turn Given a local daily newspaper and assigned to find the listing of available work positions, which BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

to HELP WANTED section and circle at least two such job description.

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL'SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Perceptual speed and accuracy	ENGLISH 1.Reading to gath er information 2 Vocabulary	Using the daily paper for reading lessons and other subject areas should familiarize the student with the services the paper offers and how to locate information within the paper.	Daily newspapers. These are often available free to schools the day after publication.
---------------------------------------	3.Tables of contents 4.Listening 5.Perceptual	Discussion of the vocabulary used in the placement of want ads.	Occupational Guidance Series by the Finney Co. obtainable from Vocational Rehabili- tation Department.
4.Vocabulary of want ads 5.Self-confidence	SOCIAL STUDIES 1. Local geogra-	dents determine what the job would entail. i.e.short order cook. Students write a job wanted ad listing what they want, their capabilities etc., as shown in paper.	List of characters familiar to the students. Taken from literature, ners story or comic section.
6.Emotional security 7.Judgement			
		Present students with Occupational Guidance series which lists occupations and their descriptions.	
,		Present BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE task.	
			,

FINDING A JOB SENIOR HIGH



THE STUDENT WILL EXHIBIT A FUNCTIONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE TECHNIQUES FOR SEEKING AND HOLDING A JOB. 4. CENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: G

Given a list of 20 agencies both private and public, 15 of which can offer the service of job training and/or job placement, and asked to identify such agencies and indicate the service they render, the student will select at least 10 agencies.

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Listening	ENGLISH 1.Reading for	Discussion of the variety of occupational areas and job descriptions.	"Occupational Guidance Series" by the Finney So.
2. Reading	information 2.Writing	Teacher presents a list of agencies both private and	
3. Oral communicata	3.Vocabulary	designed to	Telephone Directory
ion	4.Listing 5.Oral communi-	placement.	
4. Written communi- cation		Each agency is taken separately, with the student possibly calling one to determine the service rendered.	
5. Memory	SOCIAL STUDIES a. Community	Have the students locate the agency or service in the telephone directory.	
	services b. Governmental agencies and	Have the students list in their notebooks all the agencies they discuss in class.	
	services c. Role of pri- vate agencies	Present the "given" of the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	
	OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION 1. Occupational requirements		
,			
			•
			PLACEMENT AGENCIES
			SENIOR HIGH 10

4. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

THE STUDENT WILL EXHIBIT A FUNCTIONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE TECHNIQUES OF SEEKING AND HOLDING A JOB.

Given a list of 20 vocational situations, 10 of which denote negative performances by the worker, and told to select those situations which would probably result in the worker's being fired or docked a portion of his salary, the student will identify all of the negative situations. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL'SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
		•	,
1.Perceptual speed		Teacher presents a chart form on which the student will develor a list of the worker performance characteristics	Time clock if available
		to be considered for	Chart of characteristics
2.Reading			on transparencies
3.Judgement			Overhead projector
4.0ral communication		WORKER CHARACTERISTICS POSITIVE NEGATIVE	Pictures from magazines,
5.Written communi-		1. 1. 2. 2.	newspapers etc. which show noor worker traits
		on the	i.e.men sneaking into the
6.Numerical skills		regard to work out-put, criott, dufferers to futes etc.	oilice late.
		Role playing involving employer reactions to negative characteristics as listed on the class chart. The stu-	,
		ortraying the boss should react as he thi mployer would. The workers react as real	
and the second s		would.	
		Students calculate the money lost by determining hourly wages and time docked for their negative actions.	
		Discuss the applications of time cards and time clocks to payrolling.	
		The teacher should premate problems which will make the student work on time parablems in relation to their work schedule.	
			•
			NEGATIVE PERFORMANCE SENIOR HIGH

THE STUDENT WILL EXHIBIT A FUNCTIONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE TECHNIQUES OF SEEKING AND HOLDING A JOB. 4. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

Given a descriptive listing of 10 occupations including the tools, materials, and supplies the employee must provide for the performance of the work, the student will obtain information regarding costs and will estimate the yearly operating expense for at least 5 occupations. 1.60 Ħ

8	COMPUNICATIVE AND	SURJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1	Reading	ENGLISH 1 Pasting for	The teacher should present a descriptive listing of a great variety of jobs. The class and teacher can then	Films and filmstrips from the county library.
2.	Perception	information 2. Reading for	wich seem to	Occupational Guidance Se
њ	Writing skills	spec	Construct charts for those occupations indicated by the	Finney Co., available ir Vocational Rehabilitation
4.	Listening skill	4. Listening 5. List constru-	student's interest areas.	
٥.	Numerical skill		Student reports on actual work situations by going out and interviewing workers in a wariety of fields.	
•	Vocabulary	OCCUPATIONAL	Films and filmstrips on a variety of occupations showing	
		1. Job descript-	the requirement of each job.	
		ions 2. Mechanical know-	Computational problems to develop skills in estimating	
		ledge involved in	cost.	
		various occupat-		
		lons		
		3.Materials invol-		
		ved in variety of		
		occupations		
	•			
				•
				JOB SUPPLIES
				SENIOR HIGH 12
				_

THE STUDENT WILL EXHIBIT A FUNCTIONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE TECHNIQUES OF SEEKING AND HOLDING A JOB. 4. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: Given an application form required for a job or a service, and instructed to render all the information solicited which is pertinent and relevant to the form and the job or service in a legible and accurate manner, the student demonstrated the use of the form by completing the form with the information TERMINAL BEHAVIOR

	requested.		
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Motivation		Using a prepared set of transparencies and the over-head	Prepared series of trans
2. Reading	L. Keading for directions	projector, the teacher should introduce the basic intor- mation found on all applications.	parencies made by the teacher.
	2. Reading ofr	Heing a granification form such as social	Gretosd projector
Numer 10a L		security, each student will complete the form as the	overnead projector
4. Spelling	communication	teacher works out one on the projector.	
	4.Vocabulary		local businesses and
5. Verbal ability	5.Spelling	ty of terms found on a variety	agencies
	6.0ral communi-		
6. Writing	cation	from the different agencies, stores, departments etc.	Applications for licens?
	7. Listening for	that require applications.	i.e.hunting, fishing,
7. Judgement	dfrections		driving, etc.
		Since application may also involve an interview, this	
8. Hemory	SOCIAL STUDIES	area should be touched at this point. Let the students	Prepared list of govern-
,	1. Agencies which	review the proper procedures and practices when being	mental agencies or services
	require applicat-	interviewed.	
	ion for service		
	2. Reason for	mmental agencie	
	application forms	services which require an application blank. Since we	
		live in a data-conscience world, this may include all	
		agencies and services. The teacher should select those	
		she feels the student will come in contact with the most	
		Have the student prepare application forms for a job they have in mind and then exchange them with other students.	
			•



Given a list of available part-time or full-time summer jobs, and a description of each, the student will apply for a position and if he gets it, maintain the position for at least 3 months or the 4. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT WILL EXHIBIT A FUNCTIONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE TECHNIQUES OF SEEKING AND HOLDING A JOB. duration of the summer. ļ

CORPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Work skills	OCCUPATIONAL	of available	List of jobs available
2. Emotional sta-	LUCATION 1. Mechanical	WOLK that Will be involved in each situation.	
bility	Dexterity	uss the economic advantages of being able to hol	
3. Self-confidence	2.Motivation 3.Job responsib-	job. Discuss here also the social implications of being able to hold a job.	
Writing skills	ilities 4. Division of	Present situations in which a tob must be divided and	
1 1 2 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	labor	e the division of	
<pre>5. Listening skills </pre>	7,7-4	them know that this may not be possible once they are out working in the real world.	
6. Adaptability			
7. Nonverbal reason-	1. Oral communi-	Review the steps in obtaining a job: seeking, applying, interviewing, holding the job.	
fng	2. Written commun		
	tion	Review the filling-out of applications and the informa-	,
8. Cooperation	3. Perceptual	77	
	_		
	o. Interviews		
	SOCIAL STUDIES		
	_		
	2. Economics		
,	3. Attitudes on		
	the job.		
			,
			OBTAINING A JOB
			SENIOR HIGH



THE STUDENT WILL COOPERATE WITH ADVISORS AND CO-WORKERS. 5. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: Given 20 pictures of groups of people, 15 of which depict a group cooperative effort toward a goal, the student will identify at least 12 of the pictures depicting cooperation. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
ł			
1. Visualization	ENGLISH	Ħ	Teacher-constructed set
		pictures involving cooperative effort. This is	pictures from magazines.
2. Nonverbal concep-	2. Oral language		Trade magazines offer a
tual ability	a. vocabulary		good source for the pictures
	b. completeness	of the individual within the group, responsibilities of	
3. Judgement	of thought	each group member, sharing the rewards and criticisms of	Popular magazines from which
	3. Written lan-	the effort.	the students can remove
4. Oral language	guage (same as		pictures
		The students should be asked to prepare a series of vo-	
5. Written language		•	
		These pictures should be related to the jobs the students	strips from the county
	SOCIAL STUDIES	œ	
	1. Cooperation	may also reflect the avocational interests of the students.	Vocational Rehabilitation.
	2.Self-confidence		
	3.Vocational	The showing of a series of vocational filmstrips. The	•
	orientation	student will identify cooperative efforts.	•
	4. Implications		
	of cooperative	cooperative efforts	
	effort in Amer-	to establish our country and to maintain the system we	
	ican History	live under.	
	RELATED AREAS		
	9		
	2. On campus work		
	4. Home economics		
			GROUP COOPERATION
			SENTOR HIGH



THE STUDENT WILL COOPERATE WITH ADVISORS AND CO-WORKERS, 5. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

Given a list of descriptive situations in American History, both past and present, which reflect the effort and value of group cooperation, the student will explain, either orally or in written form, the necessity for a cooperative effort in each situation. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS S 1. Reading for infor Startion 2. Listening for in- 3. formation 4.	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
or infor 1 2 for in 3			
or infor 1 2 for in 3 4			
for in-	SOCIAL STUDIES	Teacher presents the list to the students for reading	Teacher constructed list of
for in-	. History	and discussion.	historical situations.
for in-	. Government		
	. Economics	A class discussion of the governmental set-up we have	Chart showing the distribution
-	. Membership	today and how it reflects the cooperative effort of the	of power in government.
	responsibilites	three branches of the Federal government and its re-	•
3. Conceptual abil- 5.	. Cooperative	sponsibilities to the people of the country.	Chart showing the flow of
•	S.		capital in our economic
		Teacher constructs a chart showing how the capitalistic	system
4. Oral communicat-	ENGLISH	works in	•
	Writing com-	ultimate cooperation of busing	Films or filmstrips avail-
	plete sentences	product a	able from the county library
5. Written communic 2.	2. Sneaking in	ility.	of private source showing
- Con	Complete sentences		historical development
	The state of the s		
	S. Reauing for in-	resentation of the responsibilities of citizenship/or	curongu group errore.
	rormacton	group memoersurp.	•
4	. Kesearch meth-		•
ŏ	ods.	Review of basic rormat of writing complete sentences and	
•		methods of research.	
P-12-2-1			
			HISTORICAL GROUP EFFORT
			SENIOR HIGH

5. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT WILL COOPERATE WITH ADVISORS AND CO-WORKERS. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a descriptive listing of 10 personality traits wihich are essential to vocational adequacy group rapport, a check list which lists these traits, and instructed to indicate by checking the appropriate response as good, fair, or poor, the student will complete the self-evaluation check
--

	sileer. "		
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1			
1. Perceptual speed		Teacher presents a listing of personality traits basic	Teacher-student 11st of
accuracy	1. Cooperative	nd the stud	personality traits.
		through discussion.	,
Kesponsibility	2. Job responsi-		Films and filmstrips free
	,	ips or	county library.
3. Motivation	3. Worker-worker	positions, to stimulate a discussion of worker rapport.	•
•	and worker-em-		
4. Adaptability	ployer relat-	Role-playing situations developed from discussion of	
	ionships	work situations with students taking the positions of	
5. Reaction to peered	4. Character de-		
and superfors	velopment	•	ĸ
		Placement of the student in actual on-campus work	
6. Reasoning ability		situations with advisor assessing individual behavior	
	ENGLISH		
7. Self-image	1. Reading for in-		
	formation		
*Included should be	2. Reading for di-		
these traits:	rection		
1. Self-confidence	3. Oral communi-		
2. Persistence	cation		
3. Adaptability			
4. Impulsivness			
5. Rigidity			
6. Reaction to peers			
7. Reaction to sup-			
eriors			
8. Motivation			
9. Interpersonal			
			•
10. Emotional sta- bility			•
•			

THE STUDENT WILL COOPERATE WITH ADVISORS AND CO-WORKERS. 5. CENERAL OBJECTIVE:

beyond his immediate knowledge level, and told BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given 5 problems or work tasks, of which 3 are rated beyond his immediate knowledge level, and to to ask the teacher for help if any is needed, the student will seek aid from the teacher on at least 2 of the 3 problems. TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

8	COMPUNICATIVE AND	ASSA STORES	VOOLOGOTEN METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
NO.4	CITOWAL SALLIN	SUBSECT PARTY		
	Perceptual	ENGLISH	Within the scope of all the basic academic areas the	The materials for this
	speed and	1. Reading for:	teacher should provide some tasks that are slightly	objective are simply the
	accuracy			materials which the teach-
	•	b. directions	, information that would	er is using in the room.
2.	Nonverbal		allow completion of the task. After a few moments to	
	reasoning	2. Information	allow the student to think about the problem, the teach-	By using some of these
		gathering	er should volunteer the information or instruction which	materials on a higher lev-
ฑ์	Judgement	techniques	will insure the successful completion of the task. At	el, the teacher can pro-
				vide the materials needed.
4.	Verbal ability	3. Oral language	in the future help will be given only upon request.	
		a. vocabulary		Use any games that are on
'n	Reaction to	b. spelling	The teacher should provide several work tasks which	the interest level of the
	superiors	c. complete	need only a little instruction to allow for their com-	
		sentence	pletion, such as puzzle solutions and construction clues,	
9	Self-confidence	A)		
			Class discussion on the variety of source materials	Present games which develop
		SOCIAL STUDIES	available in the room and in the library will aid the	skills for worthy use of
		1. Responsibili-	students in finding solutions to many problems.	letsure time, i.e. Monopoly,
				Eye Guess, Concentration.
		a. teacher	Resource people should also be introduced to acquaint	
		b. advisor	the student with people he can turn to for advice.	
		e. worker		
		RELATED ARRAS OF		
		1. Science		
		2. Arithmetic		
		3. Occupational		
		Education		
		4. Home Economics		
				ASKING ASSISTANCE
				JUNIOR HIGH

1

THE STUDENT WILL COOPERATE WITH ADVISORS AND CO-WORKERS.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given an assignment and told that it is impossible to complete without assistance, the student will select a co-worker and complete the assignment.

TERMINAL BEHAVIOR: GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS 1. Motivation E 2. Communication 2 3. Perception 4 4. Judgement 5. Reaction to 8 peers 6. Cooperation 3 7. Sharing responsibility 8. Sharing responsibility			
Motivation Communication Parception Judgement Reaction to peers Cooperation Sharing responsibility	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
Communication Perception Judgement Reaction to peers Cooperation Sharing responsibility	ENGLISH	Presentation of a series of posters depicting group	Poster or pictures depic-
Parception Judgement Reaction to peers Cooperation Sharing responsibility	2. Vocabulary		effort.
Perception Judgement Reaction to peers Cooperation Sharing responsibility	Word	Discussion of valuable work areas where group or team	
Judgement Reaction to peers Cooperation Sharing responsibility	4. Oral communi-	dynamics is essential.	Series of problem situa-
Judgement Reaction to peers Cooperation Sharing responsibility	cation		tions developed by the
Reaction to peers Cooperation Sharing responsibility		Adaptation of commercial games to specific skills re-	reacher and class to be used in role playing.
peers Cooperation Sharing responsibility	SOCIAL STUDIES	•	
Cooperation Sharing respon- sibility	1. Group dynamics	Development of the class effort to arrive at a specific	
Cooperation Sharing responsibility	2. Personal rela-	goal.	suitable for group or
Sharing responsiblity			team work.
Sharing responsibility	3. Community re-	Presentation of a vocabulary or terms which are perti-	
	sponsibilities	nent to group work or team effort.	Sam
~			32
X			
	RELATED AREAS OF	each team member a chance at leadership.	MONOPOLY (MATH)
			•
		Application of small group activities to reinforce	Films available from
2	2. Crafts	skills.	, library, spe
<u> </u>	3. Home Economics		tilms from private com-
7	4. Industrial	ems within the co	panies
	Arts	which require the division of labor.	,
<u> </u>	5. On-campus work		Goals which can be used
•			in group effort:
			1. paper drives
			2. charity drives
			3. clean-up campaign
			ASKING ASSISTANCE
			JUNIOR HIGH

THE STUDENT WILL COOPERATE WITH ADVISORS AND CO-WORKERS.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a list of 20 written descriptions of events within the real world of the individual student, 15 of which require the assistance of at least one other person, and asked to select those which he feels he needs to have some other person work with him, the student will identify those situations in which he needs the assistance of others. S. CENERAL OBJECTIVE: 7

	COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
	1. Perceptual	ט ו	-	List of on-campus work
	speed and	1. Reading for information	orally, some of which can be accomplished only with	Science experiments taken
		2. Vocabulary		from AAAS science kits
	2. Judgement	3. Oral language	ritten problems within the	of science text books.
			be one and two step	
	3. Ability to	SOCIAL STUTIES	problems, showing that at times additional help may be	General arithmetic prob-
				taxts.
			Provide the student the opportunity to assume a variety	
	4. Adaptability	2. Social respon-	of tasks in school activities, such as athletic events,	
	,	sibilit	social events, comunity service, where these are avail-	
	5. Stability	3. Need for the		
		estabilehment		
-	6. Self-confidence	of meaningful	lent	
		relationships	possible errors and instruction along the way.	
	,		Construct a list of on-campus jobs available to the	
		RELATED AREAS OF	citing whi	
	-	k ab	quire a team or group eriort.	
			and the first of t	
		Z. Home Economics	rue naccer scr	
		3. Arithmetic	group or individual activities.	
	•	4. Science		
				general control of the control of th
				•
	•			
				•
				ASKTNG ASSTSTANCE
				HIGH



STUDENT WILL COOPERATE WITH ADVISORS AND CO*WORKERS. THE 5. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: Given an assignment which requires the assistance and cooperation of one or more workers with no single individual place in complete authority, the student will share the responsibilities and rewards equally TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

with his co-workers.

MATERIALS	tion.	under		three 6-faire	in a	
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	The students will role-play the approximate situation.	The student should be placed within the on-campus	the circumstances established in the objective.	. Class discussion of the problems involved in the three forms of control: dictatorial, democratic, laissé-faire	Discussion on the importance of making decisions in a leaderless situation.	Place the student in a real work situation.
SUBJECT AREA	OCCUPATIONAL	1. Cooperation	bilities		ion to peers work rapport	
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	1. Perceptual speed	2. Adaptability	3. Motivation	4. Reasoning ability	5. Reaction to peer	

SENIOR HIGH

THE STUDENT WILL COOPERATE WITH ADVISORS AND CO-WORKERS. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: place in a work situation new to him, the student will establish positive rapport with his fellow workers and employers. TERMINAL OBJECTIVE:

MATERIALS		ESTABLISHING RAPPORTS SENIOR HIGH
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	The student will role play the individual new to a group situations. The others in the situations are instructed to establish their own ciriteria for his "joining" the group. This is not told to the new worker. It is the task of the "new guy" to determine what is expected of him. The student is placed in a sheltered job situation. One in which the employer is fully conscience of the needs of the student. This to give student time to adjust to the group first, then to the employer, instead of both at the same time.	
SUBJECT AREA	OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION 1. Vocational orientation 2. Job responibilities 3. Job-holding characteristic	
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	1. Perceptual speed 2. Adaptability 3. Motivation 4. Reaction to peers and advisors 5. Reasoning ability	



THE STUDENT MUST BE ABLE TO ACCEPT CRITICISM AND/OR DIRECTION FROM HIS EMPLOYER AND/OR THOSE IN CENERAL OBJECTIVE:

AUTHORITY. BEHAVIORAL ORJECTIV

When presented with a list of consecutively numbered directions leading to the completion of a given task, the student will perform each of the directions as presented and will successfully complete the task.

MATERIALS	Games such as: Monopoly Fore Cyte Scabble Origami paper or plain white paper Possibly graph paper for the map work.	CONSECUTIVE DIRECTIONS	SENIOR HIGH 23
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Teacher presents a list of directions and tells the students to read all the directions before beginning the task, stressing the idea that all directions should be read first. Then give the students a long list of directions, most of which are superfluous and ending with the final two directions, "DISREGARD ALL THE PREVIOUS DIRECTIONS," and "WRITE YOUR NAME IN THE UPPER LEFT HAND CORNER." Utilization of commerical games which require step-by step-implimentation in order to successfully complete the game. Give the students a construction task to perform involving a series of percise measurements which need to be done in order. The final product can come about only if each step is completed.i.e. the construction of ORIGAMI. Have the students construct a list of directions necessary to go from one place in the school to another and have the other student try to determine the exact location intended.		
SURIECT AREA	ENGLISH 1. Reading for: a.information b.direction c.comprehension c.comprehension social communication SOCIAL STUDIES 1. Responsibility 2. Personal adjust ment to work situations 3. Self-confidence COCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION 1.Work habits 2.Organization of materials		
COMPUNICATIVE AND FINCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Ability to follow oral and written directions. 2. Nonverbal reasoning. 3. Visualization ing. 5. Memory 6. Academic skills required for the task.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



THE STUDENT MUST BE ABLE TO ACCEPT CRITICISM AND/OR DIRECTION FROM EMPLOYER AND/OR THOSE IN AUTHORITY. 6. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

placed in a situation in which a substitute or interning teacher is in charge and given instructions to perform a task, sufficiently detailed to allow the student to complete the assignment, the student TERMINAL OBJECTIVE:

will perform the task without questioning the authority of the person in charge.

MATERIALS	Role-playing situations as developed by the teacher/and/or student	Since only the authoracy figure is changing, ticacademic materials in each class should remain the same as hefore.		ADAPTING AND CHANGE SENIOR HIGH 24
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Change in teacher program to allow variety in instructional staffing or presence of interns, aides, substitutes, or student teachers.	in cla		
SUBJECT AREA	ENGLISH 1. Oral communi- cation	2.Written communication 3.Reading for direction 4.Visual percep-	SOCIAL STUDIES 1. Role of authority 2.Responsibility of worker and supervisor 3.Governmental establishment 4.Social press- ures.	
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	1. Adaptability 2. Oral and written	inicat ion t	4. Emotional stability 5. Emotional security 6. Self-confidence	



THE STUDENT MUST BE ABLE TO ACCEPT CRITICISM AND/OR DIRECTION FROM EMPLOYER AND/OR THOSE IN AUTHORITY. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

TERMINAL OBJECTIVE: Asked to explain the chain of authority in his work situation, the student will name those persons directly related to his work and state their respective positions.

COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL'SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Memory	ENGLISH	Through discussion, the teacher stresses the importance	List of school administ: -
2. Verbal ability	1.Communication 2.Oral expression		_
3. Oral communication	u.	Memory games both commercial and teacher-constructed.	and "EYE Guess."
	SOCIAL STUDIES	Historical presentations which require the remembering	Materials taken from academic subject areas, i.e.
		of famous persons and places.	History books, Science books (people-discovery)
	thority Relationsh	ion of areas other than employmen important: i.e. social contacts,	
	of worker to thos	contacts (outside student's job) military services.	
		ice the student in work situ	
		OI LIME, ASK WILL TO THE DOSS, C.C.	
			AUTHORITY POSITIONS
			SENIOR HIGH

THE STUDENT MUST BE ABLE TO ACCEPT CRITICISM AND/OR DIRECTION FROM HIS EMPLOYER AND/OR THOSE IN AUTHOF TY. 6. CENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Presented with 5 steps of a given task in random order and given the end result of these steps the student will list the steps in a sequential or developmental order.

MATERIALS	step- Nooden puzzle datory Academic work materials	a ii	must ib 1e Orm-	POLLOWING DIRECTIONS SENIOR HIGH
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	The teacher should present all academic work in a step-by-step fashion. Following each step would be mandatory as part of the work task.	Piotting points on a graph, which, when joined, form specific pattern or picture. Teacher and students discuss the importance of follow directions as presented		
SUBJECT AREA	ENGLISH 1.Reading for information	2.Comprehension 3.Oral and written.	SCIENCE 1. Application of scientific process OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION 1. Organization of work 2. Orderliness of coganization. RELATED AREAS OF USE. 1. Mathematics 2. Spelling 3. Construction 4. Industrial Arts 5. Home Economics	
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	1.Academic skill requested for the completion of the task	2. Perceptual accurracy. 3. Nonverbal reasoning.	4. Visualization 5. Spatial relationships.	

5. JERAL OBJECTIVE:

THE STUDENT MUST BE ABLE TO ACCEPT CRITICISM AND/OR DIRECTION FROM HIS EMPLOYER AND/OR THOSE IN

criticism, and given the criteria for constructive criticism, the student will identify at least 10. AUTHORITY.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: When presented with a list of 15 statements of critical appraisal, told that 12 are constructive

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1			
1. Self-confidence	רח	Using teacher-made or cut-out pictures of scenes involv-	Academic subject mate ials
		icis	•
2. Emotional security	2. Oral compre-	review types of criticisms and critically analyze each	Teacher-made posters or
	sion	picture. Present criteria for constructive criticism.	available pictures
3. Emotional stabil-	3. Reading for		•
ity.	direction and	During periods of time designated for academic work, the	Role-playing situations as
	comprehension	teacher individually approaches the students, giving	developed by teacher
4. Nonverbal reason-	4. Oral language		and/or students
ing.		will improve	
	SOCIAL STUDIES	out-put.	Constitution of the U.S.A.
5. Reaction to peers	1. Role of author		
and superiors.	ity.	Presentation of role-playing situations, Students play	Writing to state and fed-
	2. Balance of	roles of "boss" and workers. The "boss" must use only	eral representative will
6. Reading for infor-	power in work-	he worker's p	render a good deal of
mation.	er and employ-		information and materials.
		Presentation of the federal governmental structure and	
7. Adaptability	3. Responsibility		
	of worker and	possibly the major parties system.	
** CRITERIA TO BE	employe1		
INCLUDED:	4. Balance of		
1. Statement of	power in		
worth of work done	government.		
2. Statement of what			
is wrong			
3. Statement of means			
possible for correct-			
ing the error			
4. Statement of en-			,
couragement to cont-			
inue the work.			



THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A WORKING KNOWLEDGE OF CONSUMER TECHNIQUES. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

those newspapers and catalogues, the student will locate the items and list the corresponding stores in which they were found. Presented with a list of 15 items from specific newspaper ads and/or catalogues, and given

COMPUNICATIVE AND			
FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1.Reading for infor-	ENGLISH	The teacher should give the students a random list of	Newspapers
mation.	1. Reading for	le II	4
£0.2	information and	one in terms of food	Variety of catalogues
11.00		and	
tion.	Z. Vocabulary of merchandising	have the items on sale needed for the menu.	Teacher-constructed list
3. Perceptual speed	3.Writing lists	Use stamp catalogues to locate merchandise and costs.	
and accuracy	4. Perceiving		
	minutely detail-	Present materials from specific catalogues and have the	
4.Written communi- cation	ed information	student locate and indicate page.	
		Present the list of 15 items, making sure that the items	
	SOCIAL STUDIES	ion is improbable.	
	1. Newspaper	store code numbers or serial numbers if necessary.	
	functions in the		
	community		
	lt,		
	chants.		
-			
			
	-		

		•	•
			SHOPPING VIA ANVERTISMENT
			28



THE STUDENT MUST BE ABLE TO ACCEPT CRITICISM AND/OR DIRECTION FROM EMPLOYER AND/OR THOSE IN AUTHORITY. 6. CENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

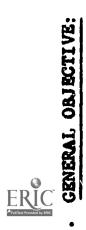
When confronted with a critical appraisal of his work in an on-job situation, the student accepts the TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

rue stagent accepts the	HATERIALS		SENIOR HIGH
a positive manner.	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Placed in a situation on campus, the students takes criticisms from his teacher or the person in charge of the activity in which he is engaged. In a role-playing situation, within the confinds of his classroom, the student is subjected to criticism from his teacher must be careful here to mediate any non-constructive criticism, and to maintain the positive self-concept of the individual. The student is placed on the off-campus job. The employer and advisor try to adjust the criticism so as to give the student a chance to adjust.	
criticism in a pos	AR	EDUCATIONAL EDUCATION 1.On-job train- ing. 2.Responsibil- ities.	
0	COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1.Adaptability 2.Self-concept 3.Emotional stability 4.Oral or written communication	



THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A WORKING KNOWLEDGE OF CONSUMER TECHNIQUES. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

of a community or private student will locate, for involved, citing the name	MATERIALS	Telephone directories Newspapers	r Teletrainer (available from the telephone company	the sach	SERVICE AGENCIES SENIOR HIGH
situations requiring the assistance or cooperation of agency, and the classified telephone directory, the ons, the service which is pertinent to the problems the telephone number of the office to be called.	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Review alphabetical order in locating items in source books, i.e.; dictionary, encyclopedia, and telephone directory.	a directory of services locat the school system structure.	Teacher passes out old copies of the telephone directory. Teacher and class review the process of locating services or names in the directory. Using the teletrainer, the students should role-play the positions of worker and person calling for assistance, each stating his case or problem. Presentation of special classified guides, i.e., newspaper, service manuels, guides from specialty groups such as contractors, repairmen, etc. Discuss the controls that the government places on business for the protection of the consumer, i.e., the new "Truth in Lending" bill, anti-trust laws, special mediators, small business loans, tax structure, etc.	
Given a list of 20 consumer service or at least 15 situation and	JECT A	MERAGING rection		4. Vocabulary 5. Oral communication 6. Research method. SOCIAL STUDIES 1. Community services 2. Private enterprise 3. Government controls and subsidies	
BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:	COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL'SKILLS	·) 🚾	3. Nonverbal reasoning 4. Judgment		



THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A WORKING KNOWLEDGE OF CONSUMER TECHNIQUES

Given a choice of 3 similiar articles of merchandise and the criteria for comparison buying, that criteria being: cost vs. use and/or quality and/or quantity, the student will select the best value, as determined by the criteria. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
. Perceptual speed	RNGLISH	s in samples, pictures,	Food containers
and accuracy	1. Reading for	criptions of merchandise or takes the class to a store,	
Managed on 1 and 14 try	information 2 possess	allowing them to obtain information on a definite pro-	Newspaper ads
	comprehension	information on pro	Ingredients labels
. Visualization	3. Oral communi-		
	cation	Taking the information obtained, the students collect-	Measuring devices:
. Spatial relation-	4. Written commun-	tively try to determine the bes	ruler, tape measure,
ship	cation		measuring cups, etc.
	5. Perception	A class party or outing is a perfect set-up for compar-	
. Reading	6. Listening for		Specialists in merchandising
	discrimination	most for their money.	from local stores and from
. Judgment	7. Vocabulary		within the school set up,
	MATHEMATICS	Set up role-playing situations where the students take	lagei
	1. Measurements	the role of a sales clerk and customer. The students	
	2. Fractions	should prepare for the roles in advance by researching	
	3. Dividing	•	
	4. Multiplying		
	5. Written prob-	Assign the students the task of either going alone or	
	lems.	fami 1	
		groceries, seeing if he can lower the cost.	
		Arithmetic archieme involving cost per unit of items	
		Discussion and review of common units used in sale of	
		Value of convenience foods in time saved for other act-	
		tivities as opposed to less expensive similar items	
		which need to be prepared.	
			Citation Woods Andrews
			COMPAKISON BUYING

THE STUDENT EXHIBITS A WORKING KNOWLEDGE OF CONSUMER TECHNIQUES,

Presented with 1. a model budget which divides a weekly income in terms of percentages into areas of: food, clothing, shelter, medical care, transportation, insurance, entertainment, savings, and miscellaneous, 2. a definite weekly income to work with, the student will develop a budget and determine VE: BEHAVIORAL OBJECTI

	the amount of mo	money to go into each area as stated in the model, using this	s total income.
COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
	SOTHYNAILLYN	what is a hudoet? Develon charts and booklet to explain	Notabooks or folders for
I. Numerical addition	1. Measurements	is a budget and how they are divided.	ides.
2. Reading)	
		Present the model budget and discuss the various compon-	Newspaper advertisements.
3. Perceptual speed		nents and their percentage figures.	
and accurac	cesses		Guest speakers as indicated.
		Discuss the variety of charge accounts, interest system	
4. Nonverbal concept-	ENGLISH	and loan agencies.	Role-playing situations
ual abilit	1.Reading for in-		
	formation	Have the students role-play the position of a person	ps fr
5. Judgement	2.Reading for com-	looking for a loan. The teacher should play the lender.	4
	prehension		private companies. See
6. Adaptability	3.0ral language	dealing exclusively with buyir	listing in Pepe's
	4.Vocabulary cf	. Included	free and inexpensive mate-
7. Self-confidence		ypes of buying, advertisement	, Dover Public
	5.Applying for	_	Inc. New York, New York,
	credit		\$1.35
	6.Billing	ralue of deal	
	7.Statements of	the value of a warrantee and guarantee,	Credit and Yo
	accounts.		Channing L. Bete Co., 1967
		Speakers from the Better Business Bureau and Chamber of	
	SOCIAL STUDIES	Commerce can be called on.	
	1. Agencies for		
	consumer aide	Have student fill out credit application forms from some	
	2. Agencies for	department store.	
	consumer pro-	•	
		Field trips to banks and other credit institutions.	
	3. Geographical	•	
	influences on	Have the students work out the budget.	
		Speaker: representative from local department store who	
	t. Sactstying basic needs	ing their sales advert	
	5. Societal pres-	ø	
	sures on	local newspaper.	BUDGETING SENTOR HIGH

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GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT SHOULD BE ABLE TO PERFORM CONSISTANTLY AND ACCURATELY IN RELATION TO TIME JUDGMENT FOR BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: 8. CENERAL OBJECTIVE:

When presented with the necessity of making appointments and meeting deadlines, the student shall exhibit TERMINAL BEHAVIOR:

	MATERIALS	Samples of utility bills.	Samples of medical appointment cards.							
a consistency level which would not inhibit his employability.	SUCCESTED METHODOLOGY	Discussion on individual responsibility in meeting deadlines and keeping appointments.	classroom activities so that the grou	lishes time deadlines for various projects and penalities for those who exceed the set time deadlines.	•	Students and teacher keep a running record of students performance in keeping appointments (Ex: dental and medical) throughout the school year and review this	record at the end of the school year.	Students calculate late ravment charges for utility bills	house payments, and time payments.	
a consistency level	SUBJECT AREA	MATHEMATICS	ENGLISH	SOCIAL STUDIES						
	COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Time perception		3. Oral language	4. Reaction to peers	5. Reaction to super- iors.		6. Adaptability	7. Responsibility	

SENIOR HIGH FUNCTUALITY



THE STUDENT SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE ABILITY FOR INVOLVEMENT IN HIS EXPANDING AND CHANGING WORLD. 9. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given minimum wage law information, and a description of 5 working situations covered by the law, the student will select from each situation at least one point which is directly regulated by the laws. minimum

COMMUNICATIVE AND	SURIECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Oral language	SOCIAL STUDIES	Introduction and discussion of minimum wage laws.	Minimum Wage law regulations
2. Social living 3. Written communi-	English	Divide the students into groups and assign each group the task of describing a situation which illustrates one of the laws in the minimum wage law information.	
cation		Have the students apply the minimum wage laws to their summer or after-school jobs.	
		Have each group present its description to the class, requesting the class to determine the law involved.	
			•
	and the second seco		
			SENIOR HIGH 34



THE STUDENT SHALL BE ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE POSITIVE TECHNIQUES OF SOCIAL INTERACTION. 10. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJEC

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Wit	the
ited	to
n presented with a brief description	appropriate to these situations,
pr	copz
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ECTIVE	

HATERIALS		SENIOR HIGH 35
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Compare a list (teacher and student) of social situations Discuss dress appropriate for each situation. Prepare group notebooks containing the social situation and a picture of appropriate apparel. Present a test as stated in the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	
SUBJECT AREA	SOCIAL STUDIES	
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	1. Social living 2. Research technique 3. Value judgment 4. Social maturity 5. Anticipatory response	

ERIC Trail text Provided by ERIC

THE STUDENT SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE UTILIZATION OF ESTABLISHED AVOCATIONAL ACTIVITIES. 11. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a list of 10 recreational activities, the student will list fees and equipment which will be incurred as a participant in at least 2 activities.

COMMUNICATIVE AND	SIIRIPCT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
TOTAL THE STATE OF			
l. Viewing	ENGLISH	Present each student with a prepared format for the Lesting fees and equipment as stated in the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE	
2. Oral language	DETCHES TATOOR		
3. Written communication.	SOCIAL STODIES	Depending on the tone of the class, you may desire to explain one sport and complete it, according to the format, as a demonstration.	
4. Numerical ability		which objective could also be a proup activity, again	
5. Listening		ss (some classes do not lend themselv	w
6. Group dynamics			
7. Social living			
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CRITTERIA POR ACTIVITIES SENIOR HIGH



THE STUDENT SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE UTILIZATION OF ESTABLISHED AVOCATIONAL ACTIVITIES. 11. GENERAL CAUECTIVE:

The yearly cost shall Given the cost of fees and equipment incurred as a participant in 10 recreational activities, the student will calculate the cost of participation in each ativity for one year. include the total cost of equipment used in the activity. BEHAVIORAL ORJECTIVE:

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL'SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED HETHOBOLOCY	MATERIALS
1. Cral communication. 2. Group dynamics 3. Numerical ability	ENCLISH SOCIAL SHUDIES	The instructor presents and calculates a hypothetical problem based on the BEHAVIORAL ORJECTIVE. He presents this problem on the board. The students may divide into groups and each group is presented a problem based on a recreational activity.	Overhead Projector Catalogues forn major department stores Newspapers
4. Judgment 5. Social living		The instructor projects each group's problem and solution on the overhead projector. Present a test as stated in the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	
			AVOCATIONAL COSTS

3

SENIOR HIGH



THE STUDENT SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE ABILITY FOR INVOLVEMENT IN HIS EXPANDING AND CHANGING WORLD. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

VE: BEHAVIORAL USJECTI

Given an explanation of fringe benefits commonly supplied by the employer, their dollar amount in terms of increased value of the wage paid the worker, and given a list of 10 fringe benefits, the student will define at least 8 in terms of type of benefit and estimated dollar value.

51	MARRIT CATTUR AND			
5 E	FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUCCESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
ŀ				
,	Listening for in-	ENGLISH	Introduction and discussion of fringe benefits defining	Newspaper want ads
	formation.	1. Vocabulary	what a fringe benefit is.	•
		development		Student tape recorded
2.	Problem-solving	2. Comparing in-	Students develop lists of fringe benefits, defining each	
		formation	and estimating their dollar worth to the employee.	Interviews of workers
щ	Written communi-	2. Written commi-		
	cation.	ication	ve	WORKBOOKS
			benefits to the employee, as supplied by the company and	You and your Occupation
4.	Oral communicat-		lad	
	lon,	MATHEMATICS		The Jobs you Get
		1. Value judgment		
ſ,	Percention)	Field trips to local industries which offer fringe bene-	
;)		2. Numerical re-		
Š	Numerical ability	lationshin		•
•			Taned intermises with employees in a variety of occupate	
1			taped interviews with employees in a variety of or orsupar-	•
•	o dugant		fts, supplied by	
c	4 4 - 4 - 4		and to partidge to the same	
œ	Adaptability			
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THE STUDENT SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE ABILITY FOR INVOLVEMENT IN HIS EXPANDING AND CHANGING WORLD. 9. GENERAL OAJECTIVE: BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given information concerning the requirment of registering for the draft and a local phone directory the student will list all the specific legal regulations referred to in the information given, and identify the location of his local draft board by its complete mailing address and phone number.

MATERIALS	Consult a local	taped selective service regula- ible pen- tions.	ifrements.			.cations.	,			•		DRAFT BOARDS	
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Introductory discussion on the history of the draft.	Guest speaker from the local draft board or a taped interview covering legal requirements and possible alties for failure to register.	es develop chart	Students look in their local draft beard's addraga	phone number.	Students develop charts covering draft classifications.							
SUBJECT AREA	SOCIAL STUDIES	ENGLISH	,		en de la companya de								
COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Oral communication	2. Written communi- cation	3. Listening	4. Judgment	5. Adaptability	6. Research tech- niques			•				



9. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE S

THE STUDENT SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE ABILITY FOR INVOLEMENT IN HIS EXPANDING AND CHANGING WORLD.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Giv

Given an explanation of Social Security and a list of five benefits, the student will give a brief description of at least three benefits and the conditions which must be met in order to receive the benefits.

CALA CITATA OF UNIONANCE			
FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUCCESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Verbalization	ENGLISH	Introduction and discussion of Social Security system in-	Joe Wheeler Finds A Job
2. Viewing	MATHEMATICS	cluding taxing method for employer and employee, as well as a description of the benefits.	Social Security Admin.
3. Judgment	SOCIAL STUDIES	prepare charts listing the different Social	Getting Ready For Payday Series. (Workbook)
4. Written communication.		and the Cri	
5. Research techniques		structor presents a	
6. Social living		Social Security criteria for benefit payment.	
			SOCIAL SECURITY SENTOR HIGH

THE STUDENT SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE ABILITY FOR INVOLVEMENT IN HIS EXPANDING WORLD. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given a list of 10 public and private agencies, containing 5 which offer tax-filing assistance, the student will list three agencies through which he can seek aid in filing a federal, state, or

city income tax.

,					and the definition of the second seco	
Materials	Local telephone directory Pee scale from a private					TAX FILING (3 lessons) SENIOR HIGH
SUGGESTED METHODOLOCY	Discussion of public and private agencies which offer tax filing assistance.	Develop address lists of local agencies and charges for the services they give.	Field trip to a local private agency which offers tax-filling assistance.	Using fees scale from a private tax service, the student will figure the cost of having his income tax filed for a series of hypothetical situations.		
SUBJECT AREA	SOCIAL STUDIES	MATHEMATICS	english			
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Information gath- ering	2. Oral communication	3. Written commication	4. Adaptability 5. Numerical ability		



THE STUDENT SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE ABILITY FOR INVOLVEMENT IN HIS EXPANDING AND CHANGING WORLD. 9. CRNERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

the student will determing which companies have local agents and record the agent's name, business Given a list of 10 insurance companies, 5 of which have a sales agent located in the community, telephone and address.

MATERIALS	Local phone directory					(2 lessons) 42
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Have the students locate the names and addresses of	local insurance agencies inrougn the use of the white and yellow pages of the phone directory.	List agencies and the different types of insurance which can be obtained from each.	Take the students on a field trip to a local insurance agency.		
SUBJECT AREA	ENGLISH	SOCIAL STUDIES				
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	1. Listening	2. Research technique	3. Written communication	4. Oral communication 5. Adaptability		



THE STUDENT SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE ABILITY FOR INVOLVEMENT IN HIS EXPANDING AND CHANGING WORLD. 9. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

Then presented with 10 descriptions of different types of insurance and given a corresponding list of names for each type, the student will match a minimum of 8 names to their appropriate description. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

						* **	•.	1 telgere s	•	•	. •
MATERIALS	You and Your Life Insurance Agent, Channing L. Bete Co.	Going to Buy a Car? Channing L. Bete. Co.		***************************************					•		INSURANCE AGENCIES (2 Lessons)
SIKGESTED METHODOLOGY	Introduce and discuss the various needs of individual has for insurance.	Develop a descriptive vocabulary of terminology related to insurance.	Guest speakers on life insurance and car insurance.	Develop descriptions for different types of insurance, explaining what the insurance provides and what it costs							
ABOA moderatio	SOCIAL STUDIES	Engl.1SH									
COMMUNICATIVE AND	1. Oral communication	2. Vocabulary 3. Listening	4. Gudgment		6. Numerical ability						

THE STUDENT SHALL BE ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE POSITIVE TECHNIQUES OF SOCIAL INTERACTION. 10. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

seion of drive which can cause physical or mental harm, hallucinatory AFFO BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

MATERIALS	Falm Beach Post-Times book on drug abuse Magazine articles on drugs. Medical dictionary	DRUG ABUSE
SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Prepare a list of twenty harmful drugs and a description of each. Present this to the student. If possible, obtain pictures of the drugs Group discussion and debates involving the pros and cons of drug use. Guest speakers or taped interviews discussing the legal, physical, and emotional aspects of drug use. Make posters depicting the dangers of drug addiction.	
SUBJECT AREA	SOCIAL STUDIES ENGLISH	
COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL'SKILLS	1. Written communication. 2. Oral language 3. Comparative judgment.	



THE STUDENT SHALL BE ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE POSITIVE TECHNIQUES OF SOCIAL INTERACTION.

ACTION.	ig from conviction of drug abuse laws, the studer vocational opportunity and military obligation. job opportunity and possible unacceptability for	MATERIALS	Teacher references: (County Curriculum Library)	Drug Abuse: Escape to Nowhere Smith Kline	Facts about Narcotics	Palm Beach Post-Times Book on drug abuse.	Medical Dictionary.			DRUG ABUSE SENIOR HIGH
STUDENT SHALL BE ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE POSITIVE TECHNIQUES OF SOCIAL INTERACTION.	il consequences resultin quences with regard to a statement of reduced	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	Introduction and discussion of the legal aspects of drug abuse.	Guest speaker from the sheriff's department or a taped interview covering the legal consequences of conviction on drug abuse laws.	If guest speaker is used, have the students write out questions so the speaker may review them before he talks	Develop lists of limitations on vocational opportunities resulting from conviction of drug abuse laws and the effect of a conviction on a youth's military obligation, as determined by his acceptability for the draft.				
THE STUDENT SHALL	Giver will The p	SUBJECT AREA	English	SOCIAL STUDIES					- Chita	
10. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:	COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	1. Listening for a purpose	2. Written communi- cation	3, Social awareness					

THE STUDENT SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE ABILITY FOR INVOLVEMENT IN HIS EXPANDING AND CHANGING WORLD. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

Given the five outline shapes of traffic signs used in the "Florida Driver's Examination," the student will identify, by explanation, the purpose of each sign.

COMMUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL'SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	MATERIALS
1. Visual perception	ENGLISH	Obtain from the Triple A or sheriff'a department the large posters illustrating the 5 outline shapes of	Florida Driver's Manuel
2. Problem solving 3. Oral communication	SOCIAL STUDIES	traffic signs used in Florida. Ask each student to make separate drawings of these shapes, filling in the necessary word and an explanation or label at the bottom of his drawing.	Outlines of the 5 basic traffic signs.
•		Ask various students to give an oral explanation of each sign.	
		Present a test as stated in the BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE.	
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			•
			DRIVER EDUCATION
			SENIOR HIGH 46

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THE STUDENT SHALL DEMONSTRATE THE ABILITY FOR INVOLVEMENT IN HIS EXPANDING AND CHANGING WORLD. GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Given discussion on the "Florida Driver's Manual" and a list of 40 questions containing information which is commonly asked on the state driver's examination, the student will respond correctly on a minimum of 30 questions.

	•		
COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUCGESTED METHODOLOGY	Materials
1. Gral communication.	English	Introduction to the need for driver education and traffic regulation.	Driver's Education Films
Written cation	SOCIAL STUDIES	Group discussion of the driver safety manual in preparation for the driver's oral or written examination.	Florida Driver's Manual
5. Social living 4. Problem solving		Students view and respond in discussion after viewing driver's education films.	You and Your Car A Scriptographic Book, 1966
		Field trips to the various governmental agencies necessary to obtaining a license.	
o. Judgment		Guest speaker on insurance covering the legal aspects as well as the various types available.	,
		Field trip to a used car lot to learn how to buy a good used car.	
		Demonstrations on minor car repairs and the changing of a tire.	
•		Role-playing situation such as what to do if you have an accident.	
		Students develop terminology charts with definitions of terms relating to driver education and auto insurance.	
			DRIVER EDUCATION SENIOR HIGH

LO. GENERAL OBJECTIVE: THE STUDENT SHALL BE ABLE TO DEMONSTRATE POSITIVE TECHNIQUES OF SOCIAL INTERACTION.

Given 15 descriptions of social and economic family situations, 10 of which illustrate the detrimental effects of alcoholism on the family structure, the student will select a minimum of 8 situations which describe the detrimental effects of alcoholism.

FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLOGY	KATERIALS
1. Group dynamics	English	vide the class into groups	Teacher references:
2. Listening	044 CH 1000		(County Curriculum Library)
3. Oral language	SOCIAL STUDIES	described.	What You Should Know About
4. Writing		correct e	W. W. Baure M.D.
5. Judgment		usage and allow each group to practice belone perionming its skit before the class.	
6. Adaptability		Discussion of the detrimental effects of alcoholism on the family and listing of the possible results of continued alcoholism.	A Discussion Guide For Questions About Alcohol R. G. McCarthy
			Consult County lists for appropriate films and film strips.
			ALCOHOLIC CONSUMPTION
			SENIOR HIGH

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: perception, motor coo- involve lowered safet- for decision; the des- situations which illu-	Given descript rdination, spec y and productic criptions of the	ifons of the effects of alcoholic consumption on the human body in the areas th patterns, and reasoning capability, and given 15 "on the job" situations, on levels or negative employer response to the employee, the student, using, ne effects of alcoholic consumption on the human body, will select a minimum performance or the possibility of being suspended or fired.	oldy in the areas of viscal job" situations, 10 of which student, using, as a basis' select a minimum of 8
COMPUNICATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL' SKILLS	SUBJECT AREA	SUGGESTED METHODOLA	MATERIALS
1. Vocational judg- ment. 2. Oral communication	ENGL ISH	Introduction and discussion of the effects of alcoholic consumption on the body functions of motor coordination visual perception, speech patterns, and reasoning capability.	Teacher references: (County Curriculum Library) What You Should Know About
3. Written communication	SOCIAL STUDIES	Divide the students into four groups, each taking one body function, and assign them the task of gathering as much information as they are able, using as their source teacher-selected magazine articles, books and film strips.	Smoking and Drinking W.W. Bauer, MD A Discussion Guide For Questions About Alcohol
		Let each group present its findings to the class as a whole. Then have the class develop lists of detrimental effects for each area discussed.	Facts About Alcohol
•		Assign each student the development of a job situation which will illustrate lowered safety or production level or a negative response from the employer. After each student presents the situation he has developed, have the class explain the illustrated situation in terms of the impairment of body functions caused by excessive alcohol consumption.	Consult County lists for appropriate films and film strips.
	·		
			ALCOHOLIC CONSUMPTION SENIOR HIGH